

# Programming Languages, semantics, compilers

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- Ocaml : used to define/describe concepts, data-structures and algorithms
- Undergraduate courses at Faculté des Sciences d'Orsay
  - Introduction à la prog. fonctionnelle (IPF)  
[https://usr.lmf.cnrs.fr/~kn/ipf\\_fr.html](https://usr.lmf.cnrs.fr/~kn/ipf_fr.html)
  - Programmation fonctionnelle avancée (PFA)  
[https://usr.lmf.cnrs.fr/~kn/pfa\\_fr.html](https://usr.lmf.cnrs.fr/~kn/pfa_fr.html)
- References :
  - Main site (installation, manual, exercises) <https://ocaml.org/>
  - See also IPF site (instructions for vscode use at PUIO)
  - Book “Apprendre à programmer avec Ocaml”  
S. Conchon et J.-C. Filliâtre.  
English version “Learn Programming with OCaml” libre  
<https://usr.lmf.cnrs.fr/lpo/lpo.pdf>

# A little bit of History

- 1972 : ML (Meta-Language for LCF, arbres, typage, exception, abstraction...) by Robin Milner (1934-2010)
- at INRIA, Gérard Huet's team developed several versions of ML
  - 1984 : ML implementation based on (Le)LISP
  - 1987 : CAML compiler by Ascánder Suárez, Pierre Weiss and Michel Mauny
  - 1990 : Caml-light by Xavier Leroy and Damien Doligez (byte-code interpreter, garbage collector)
  - 1995 : Caml Special Light by Xavier Leroy (native-code compilation, modules)
  - 1996 : Objective Caml (Ocaml) adding objects (Didier Rémy and Jérôme Vouillon)
  - + other features

# Overview of the main ideas

- Write and evaluate *expressions*
- Any expression comes with a *type*
- A variable is just a name for a *value*
- Explicit distinction between variables and *references*
- Functions as first-class citizens, loops as (tail-)recursive functions
- Data-structures :
  - tuples
  - records
  - arrays
  - lists
  - trees
- Association tables (as lists or hashtables)