



Characterization of the Radiation Desiccation Response regulon of the radioresistant bacterium *Deinococcus radiodurans* by integrative genomic analyses



The Deinococcaceae

Deinococcus radiodurans



Sahara desert

D. deserti



Irradiated meat can
(1956)



Hot spring in Portugal

D. geothermalis



Gobi desert

D. gobiensis



Antartic

D. radiophilus

Several records

- **Resistance to ionizing radiation**

No loss of viability when exposed to a dose of 6000 Gy
(~200 DSB, 3000 SSB, >1000 damaged bases in the genome)

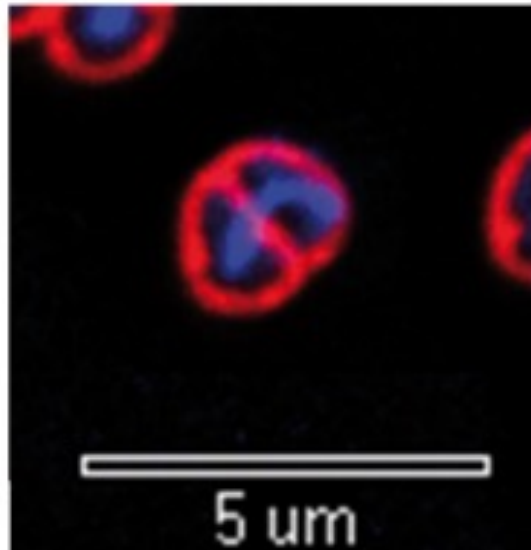
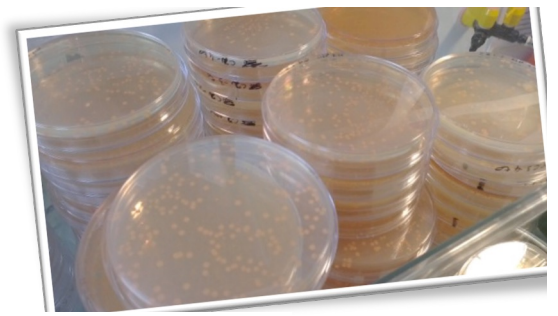
- **Resistance to UV**

No loss of viability when exposed to a dose of 500 J/m²
(5000 pyrimidine dimers per genome)

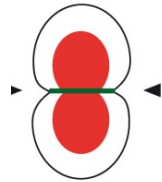
- **Resistance to the desiccation**

85% viability after 2 years in an < 5 % wet environment

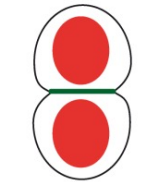
Deinococcus radiodurans



Monocoque

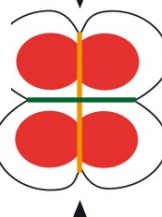


Premier plan de division
first division plan

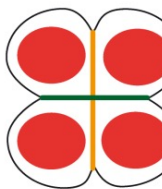


Diplocoque
Les nucléoïdes sont séparés
mais les cellules ne sont pas

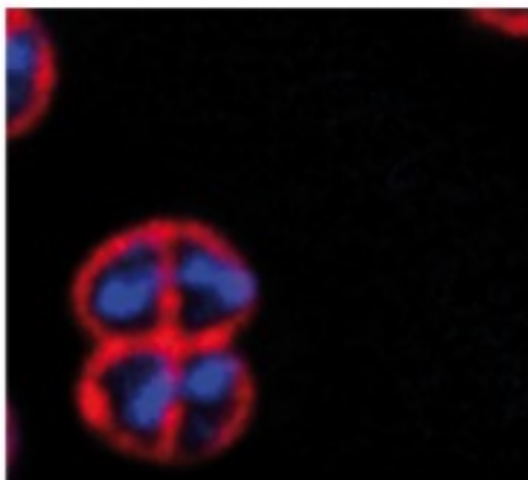
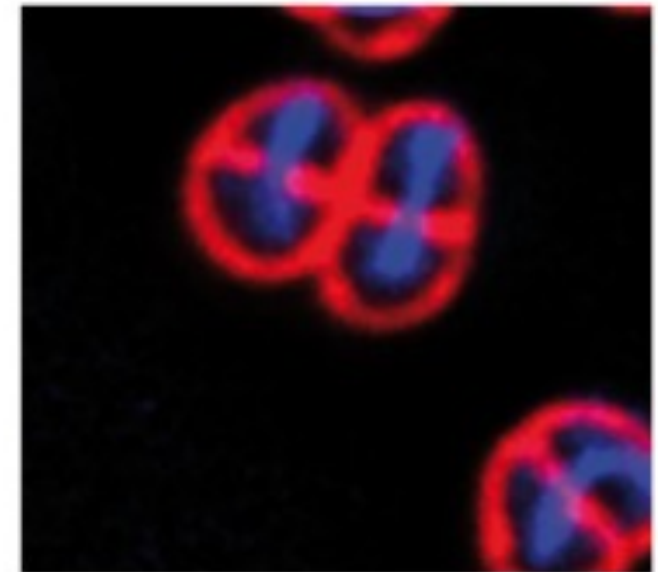
second division



Deuxième plan de division perpendiculaire
à celui de la première division

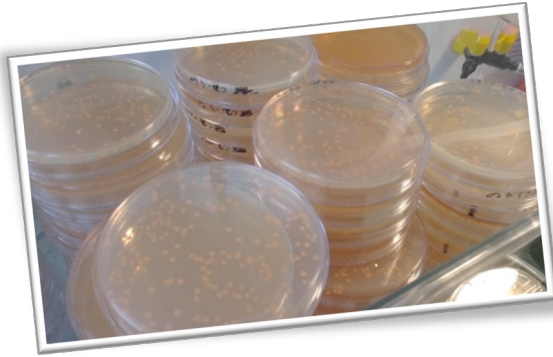


Tétracoque
Les nucléoïdes issus de la deuxième division
sont ségrégés mais les cellules restent



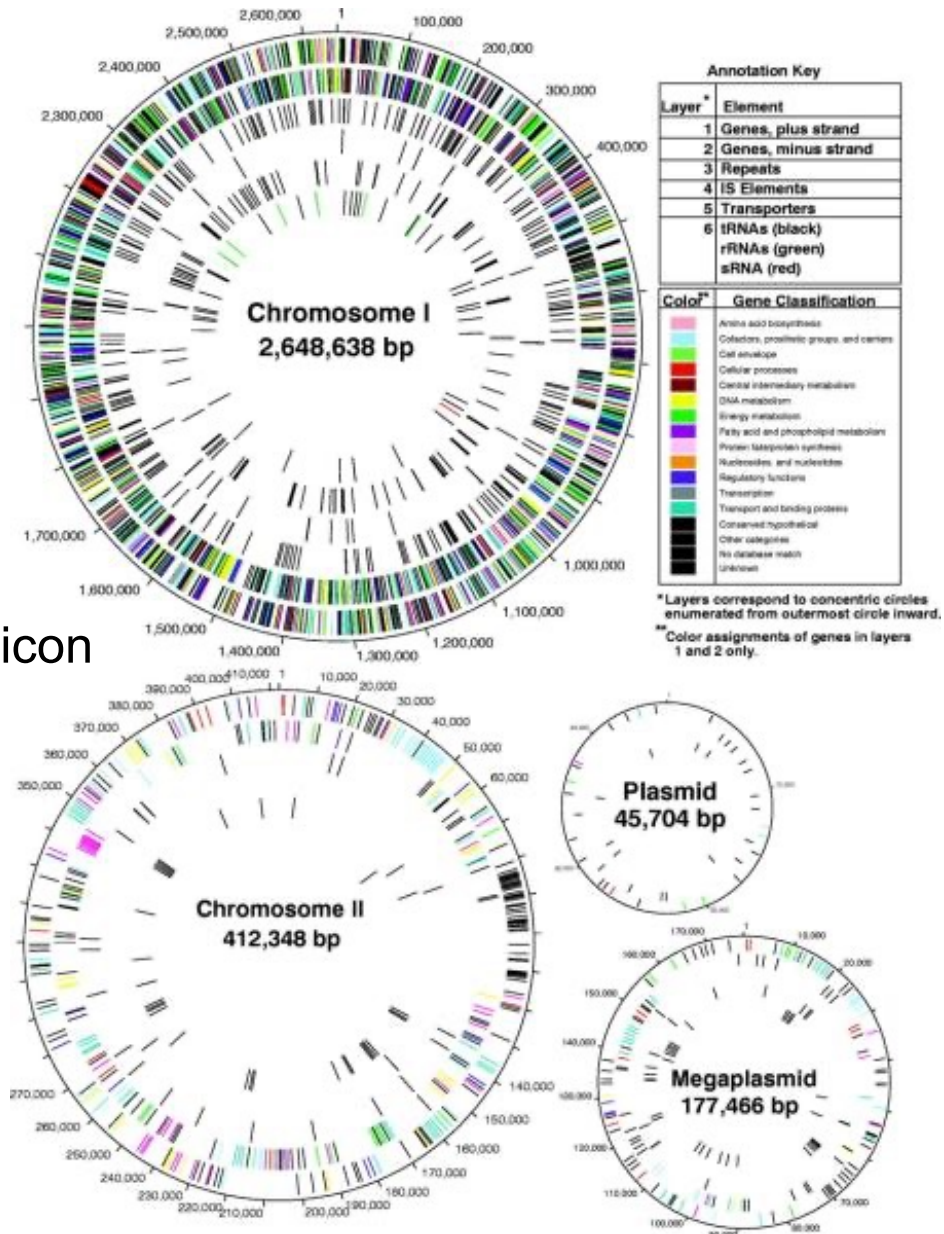
Membrane : FM4-64 Dye
DNA: DAPI

Deinococcus radiodurans



White et al, 1999

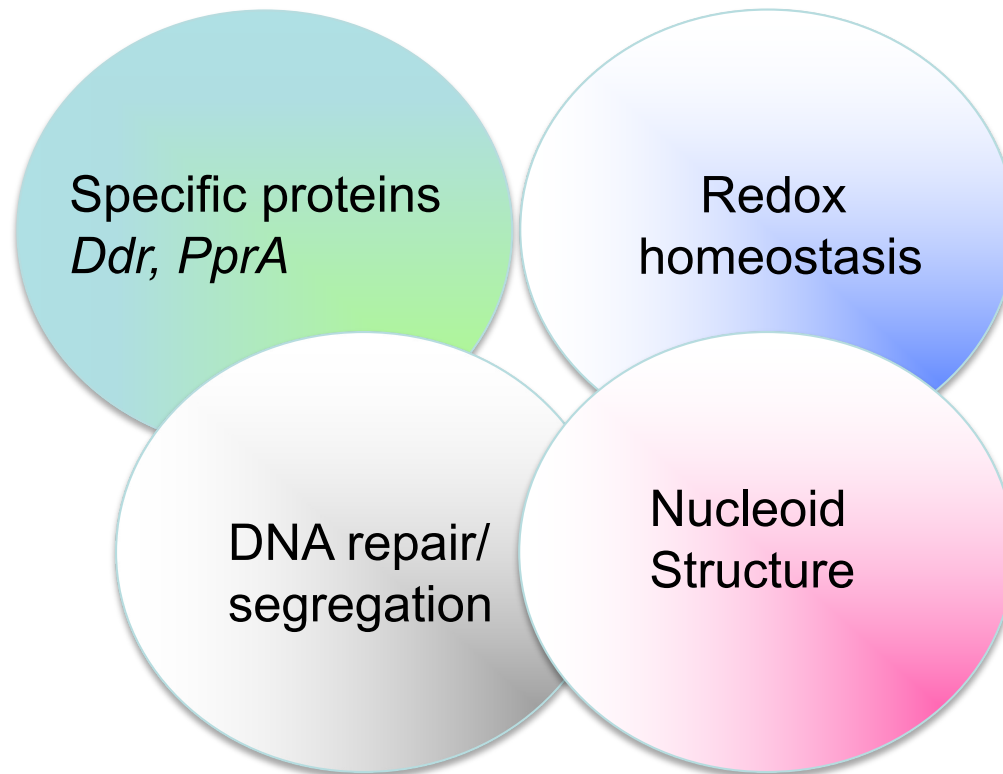
4-8 (10) copies of each replicon



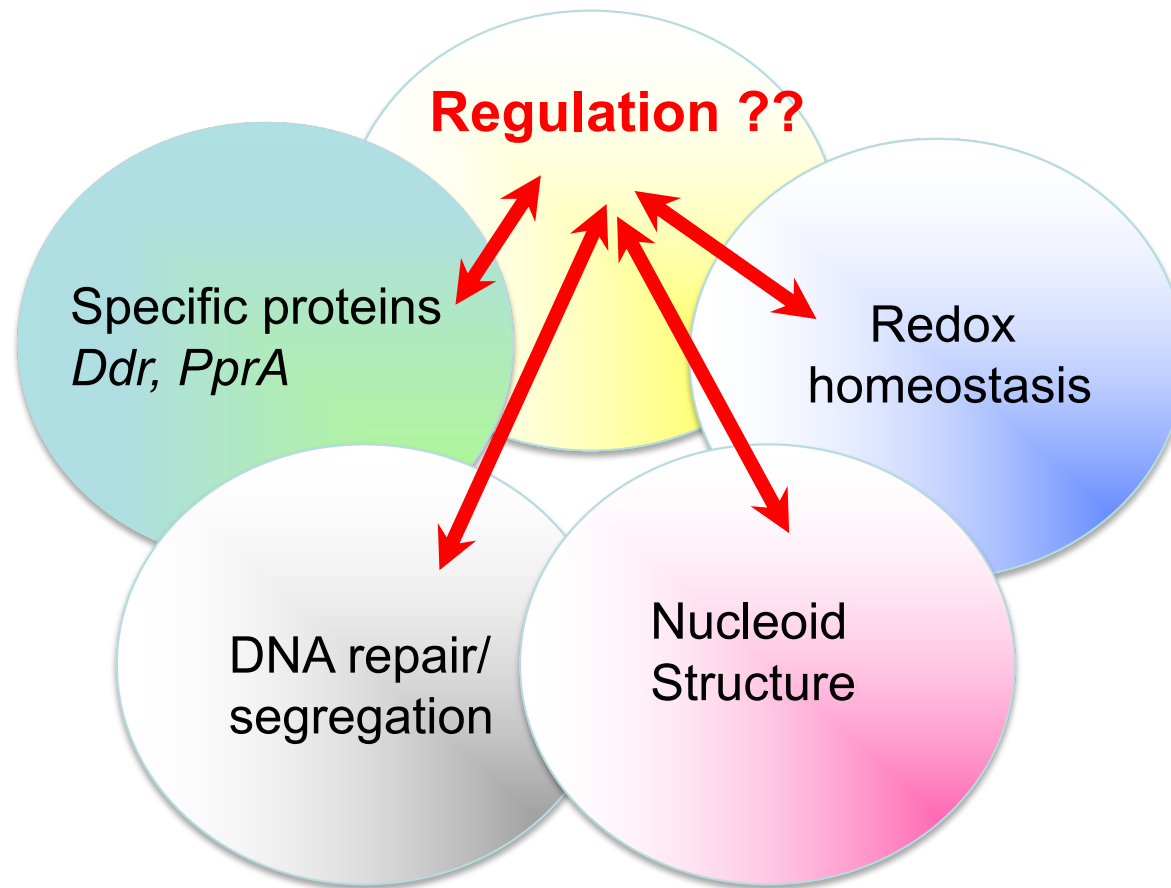
Radioresistance pathways:

Deinococcus radiodurans

Multiscale approaches : Genetic, Molecular Biology, Transcriptome, Proteome (LC-MS/ICP-MS), Microscopy, Structural Biology, Bioinformatics, Physiology.



Regulation of the different pathways ?



In many bacteria as *Escherichia coli*

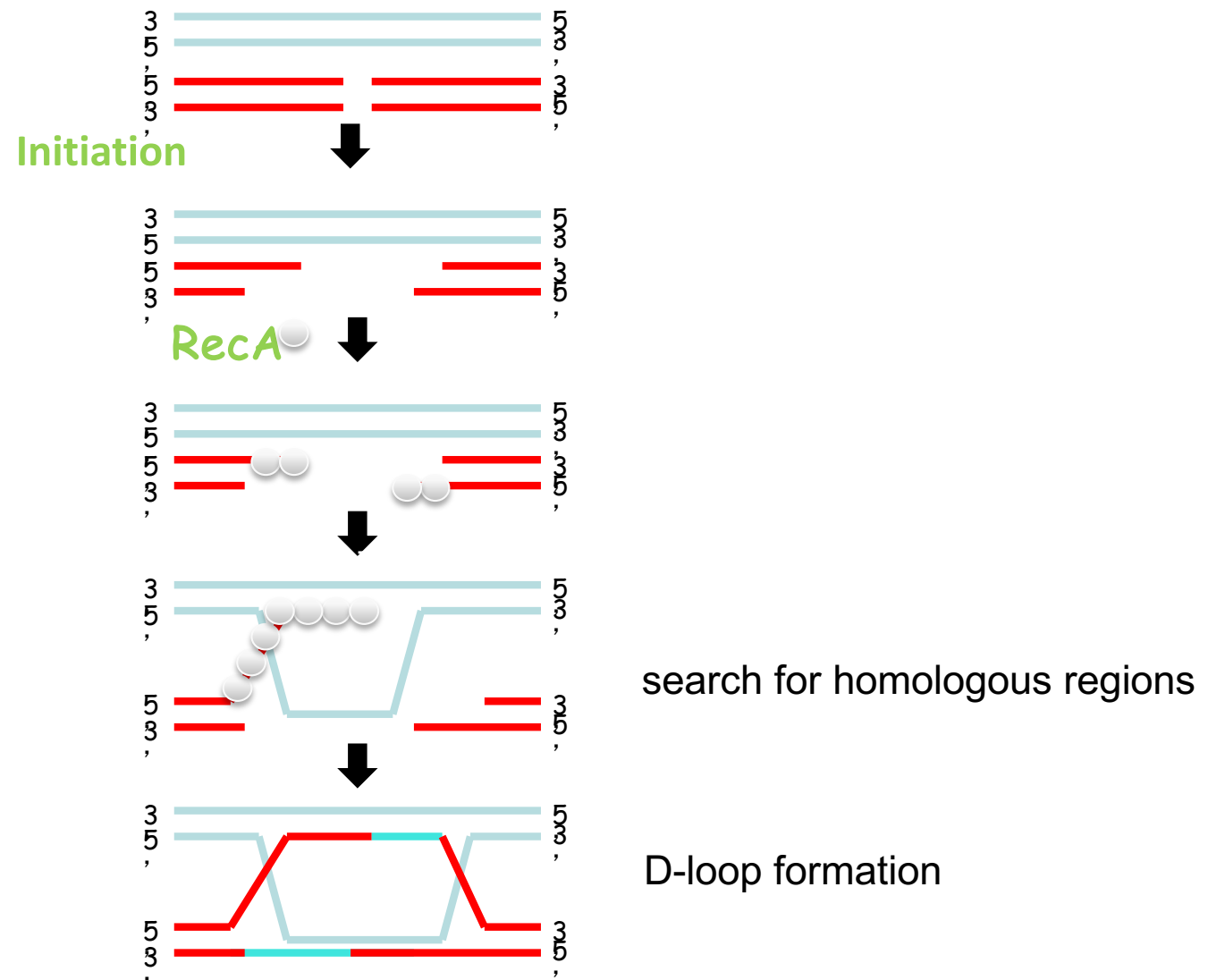
Many bacteria use the RecA/LexA-controlled SOS response to induce DNA repair genes

RecA* stimulates the autocleavage of LexA, the repressor of the SOS regulon, then the DNA repair genes are expressed

***Deinococcus radiodurans* encodes two *lexA* genes but induction of *recA* and other DNA repair genes occurs in an SOS-independent manner**

Genome annotation → >100 putative regulators

recA filaments invade intact duplex



In many bacteria as *Escherichia coli*

Many bacteria use the RecA/LexA-controlled SOS response to induce DNA repair genes

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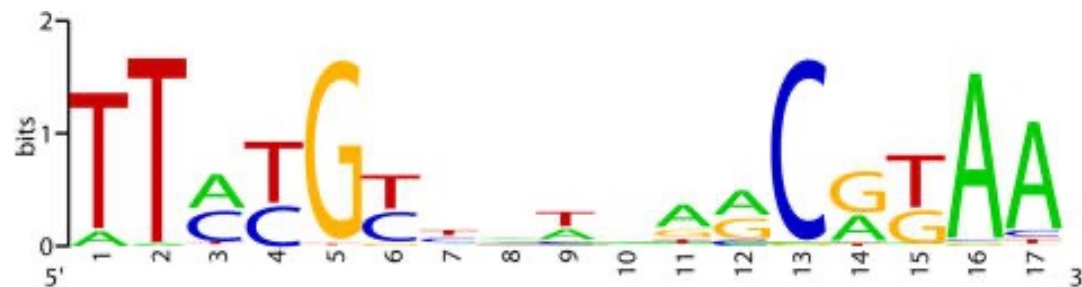
Deinococcus radiodurans encodes two *lexA* genes but induction of *recA* and other DNA repair genes occurs in an SOS-independent manner

Genome annotation → >100 putative regulators

Tanaka et al (2004): After exposition to gamma rays :
70 genes are rapidly and strongly upregulated (ddrO):

Ddr: DNA damage response

Analysis of the promotor sequences of these
genes including ddrO



Radiation/Desiccation
Response Motif
(RDRM)

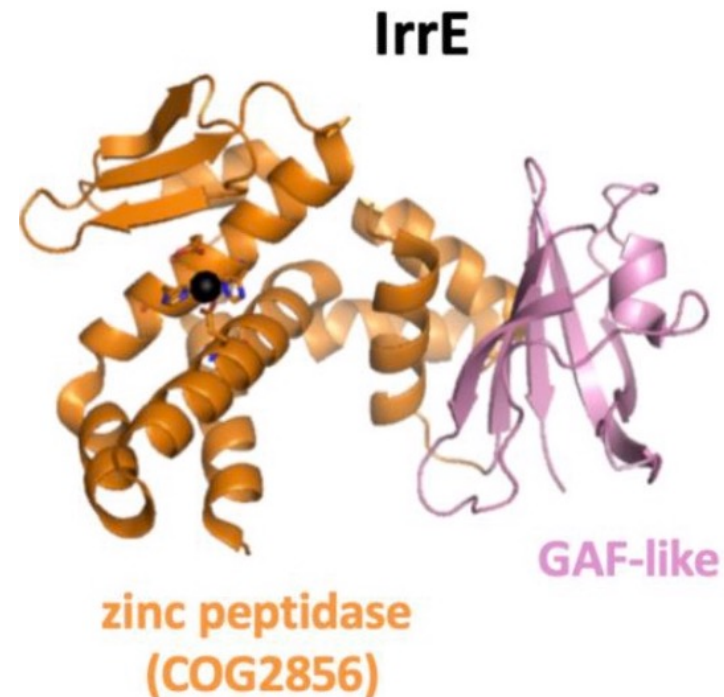
Makarova et al 2007

In *Deinococcus* species 14-24 genes under the control of ddrO

A second regulator ? the IrrE protein (PprI)

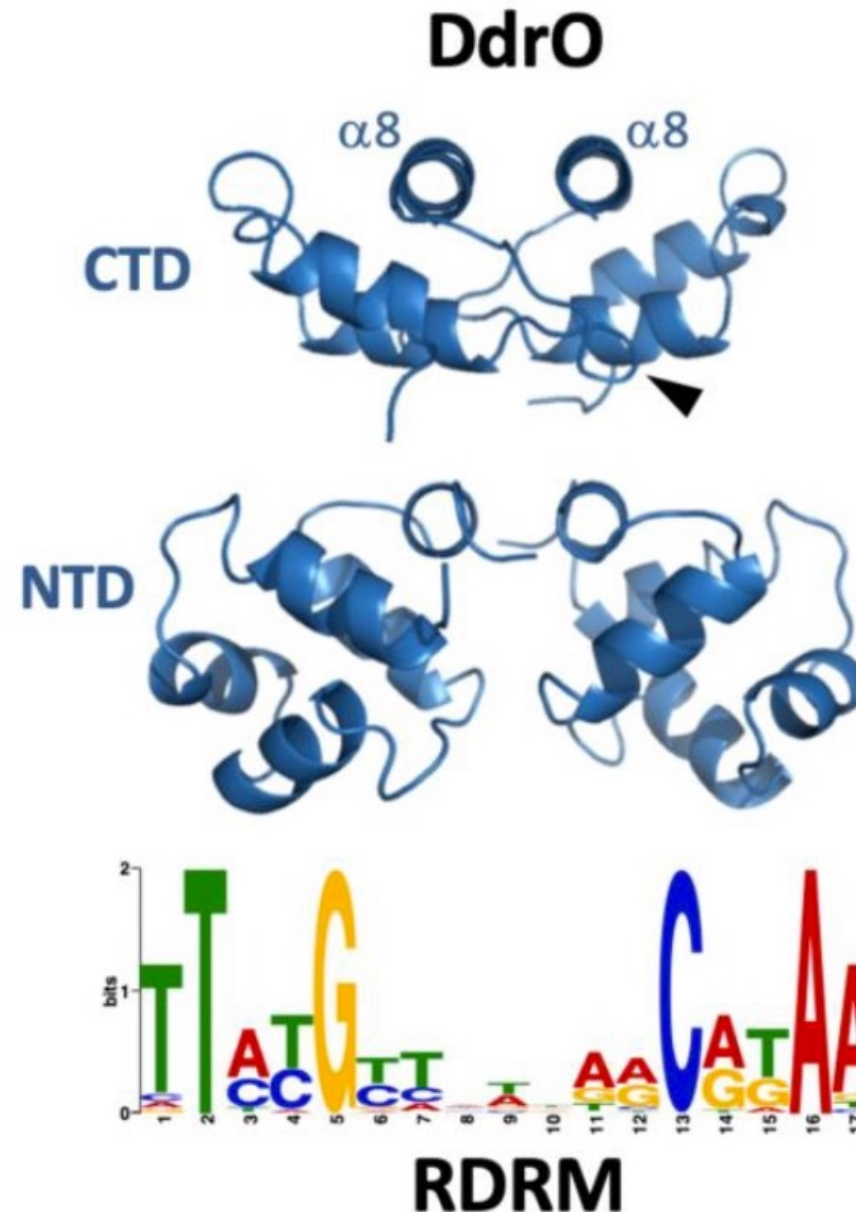


Radiation-induced expression of *recA* and several other genes was abolished in $\Delta irrE$ mutants, indicating that IrrE could be a positive regulator of RDR genes



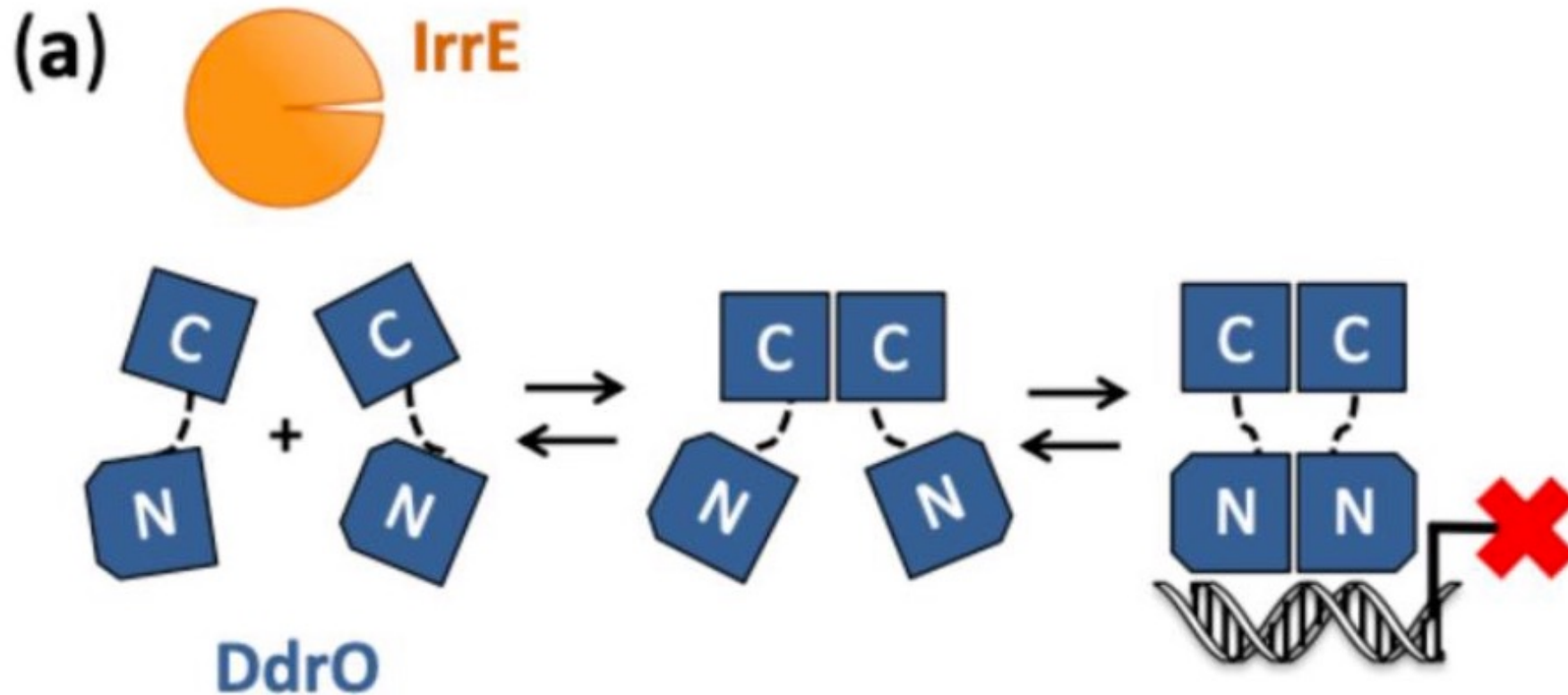
Vujicic-Zagar, A et al 2009

The DdrO transcriptional regulator

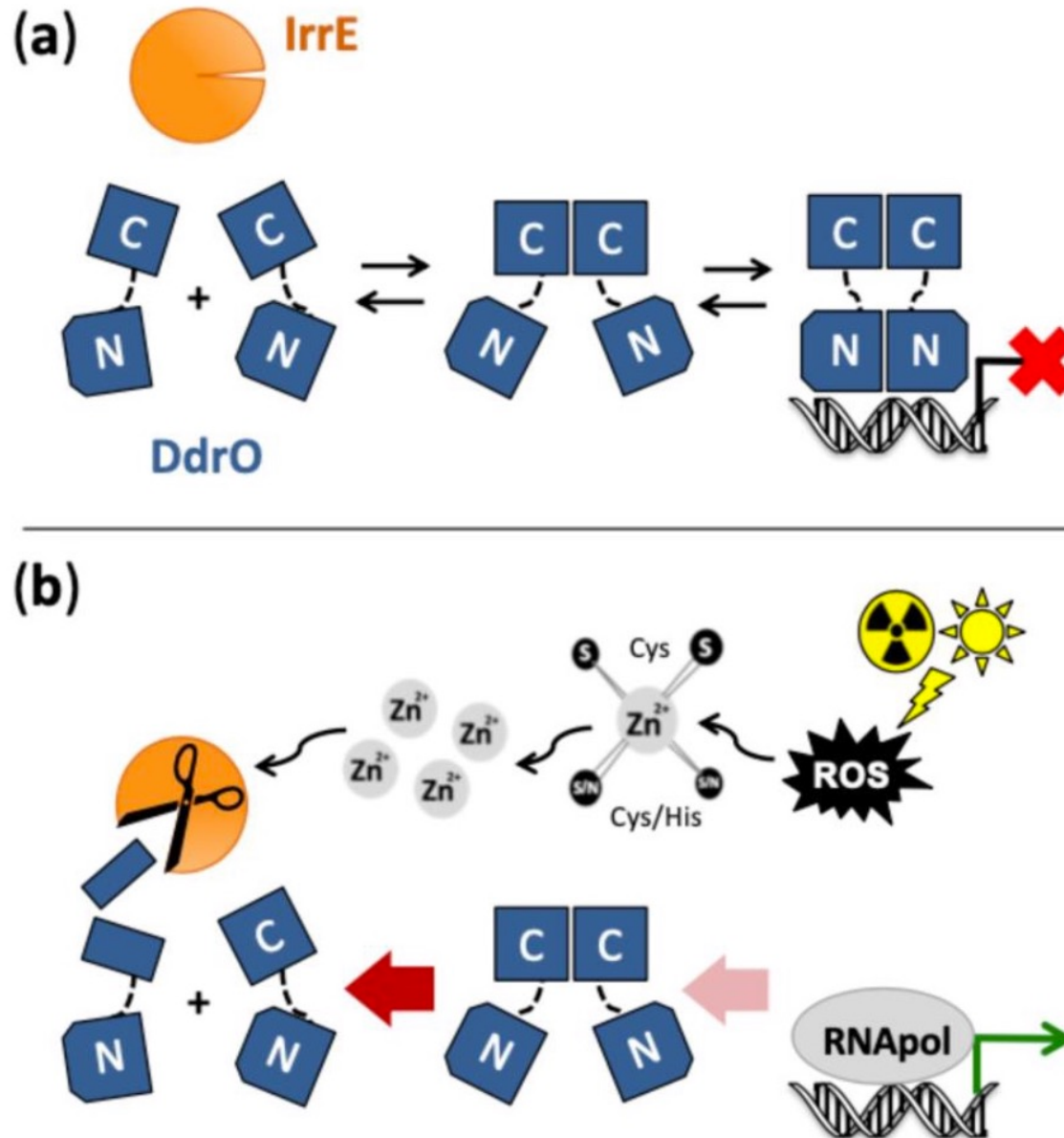


DdrO Structure: de Groot et al, NAR 2019

The DrdO/IrrE transcriptional regulators



The DrdO/IrrE transcriptional regulators



How long does it take to repair damage?



About 2-3H after exposition to a dose of 6 kGy



How this system is locked again ?



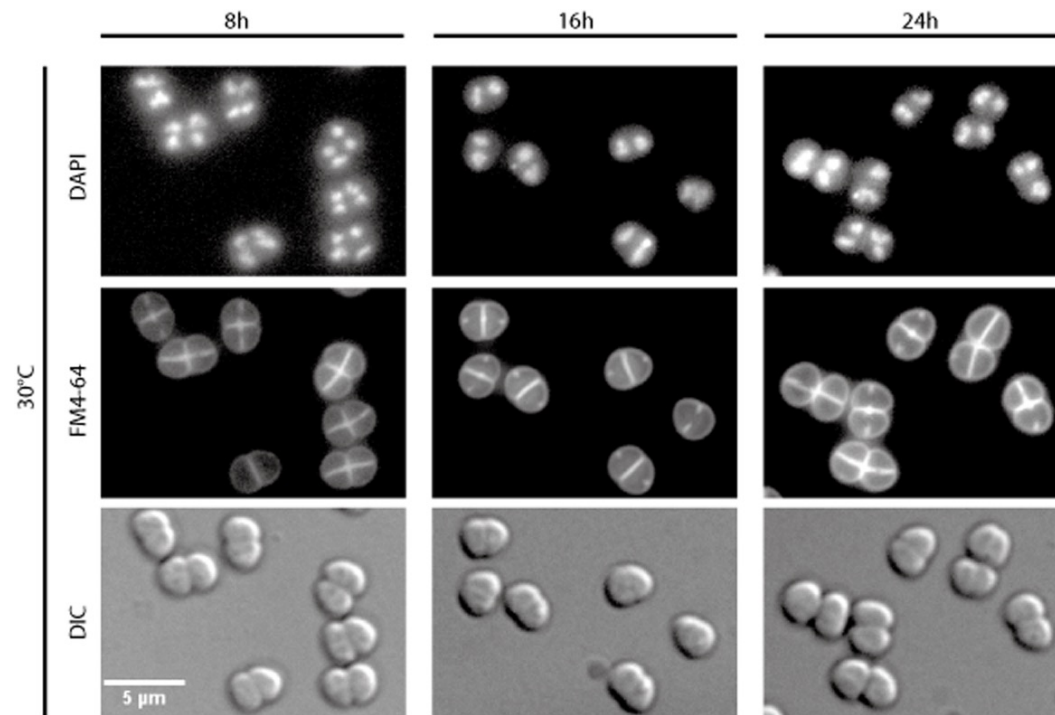
When damage are repaired, the Zinc-binding proteins trap again the metal, the concentration of free ions decreases and the IrrE protease is no longer activated. The DdrO proteins are capable of binding to promoters of target genes and repress their expression. The system is locked again.

What happens if genes that are under the control of *ddrO* are constitutively expressed?



Cells die!!

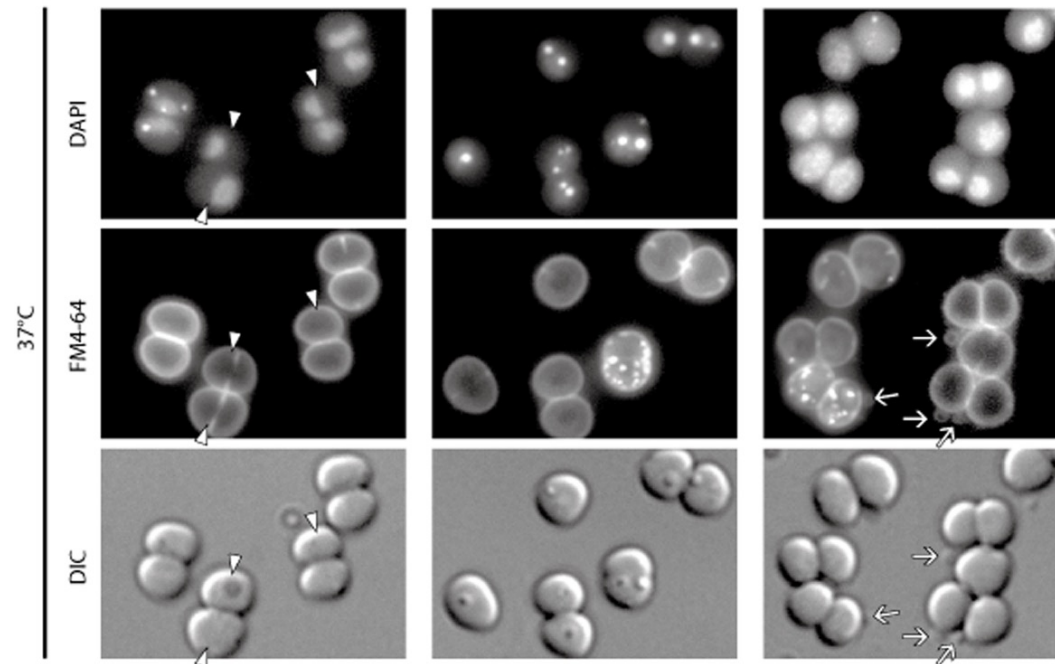
In contrast to *irrE*, *ddrO* is an essential gene



(Devigne *et al*, 2015)

Control
Normal

APOPTOSE-LIKE



DNA fragmentation
Defects in cell division



membrane blebbing



▽ cells with misplaced nucleoid
⇒ membrane vesicles

What happens if genes that are under the control of *ddrO* are constitutively expressed?



Cells die!!

In contrast to *irrE*, *ddrO* is an essential gene



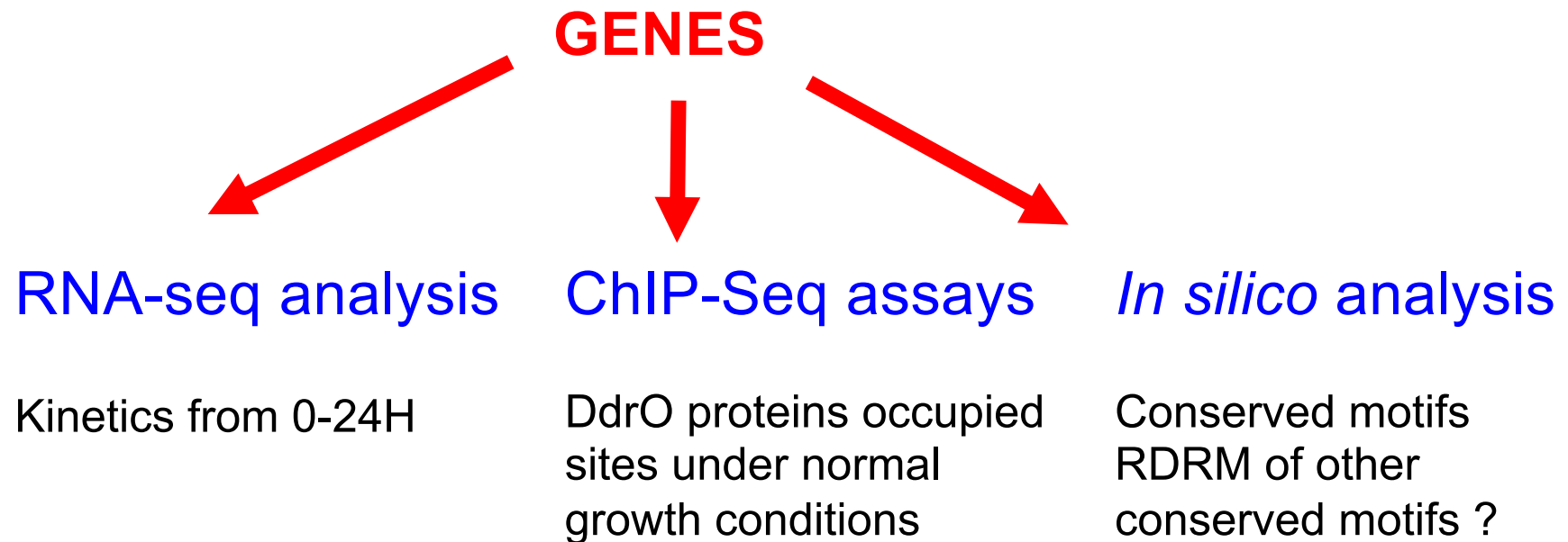
How to characterize the *ddO* regulon ?

In *Deinococcus* species 14-24 genes under the control of *ddrO*

ddrO regulon

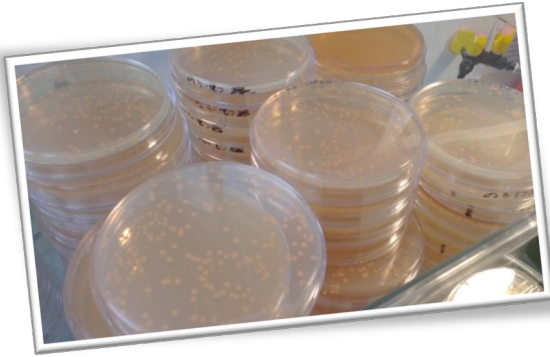


To date, the DdO regulon is poorly characterized.



I2BC High throughput sequencing platform : we resequenced the *D. radiodurans* genome

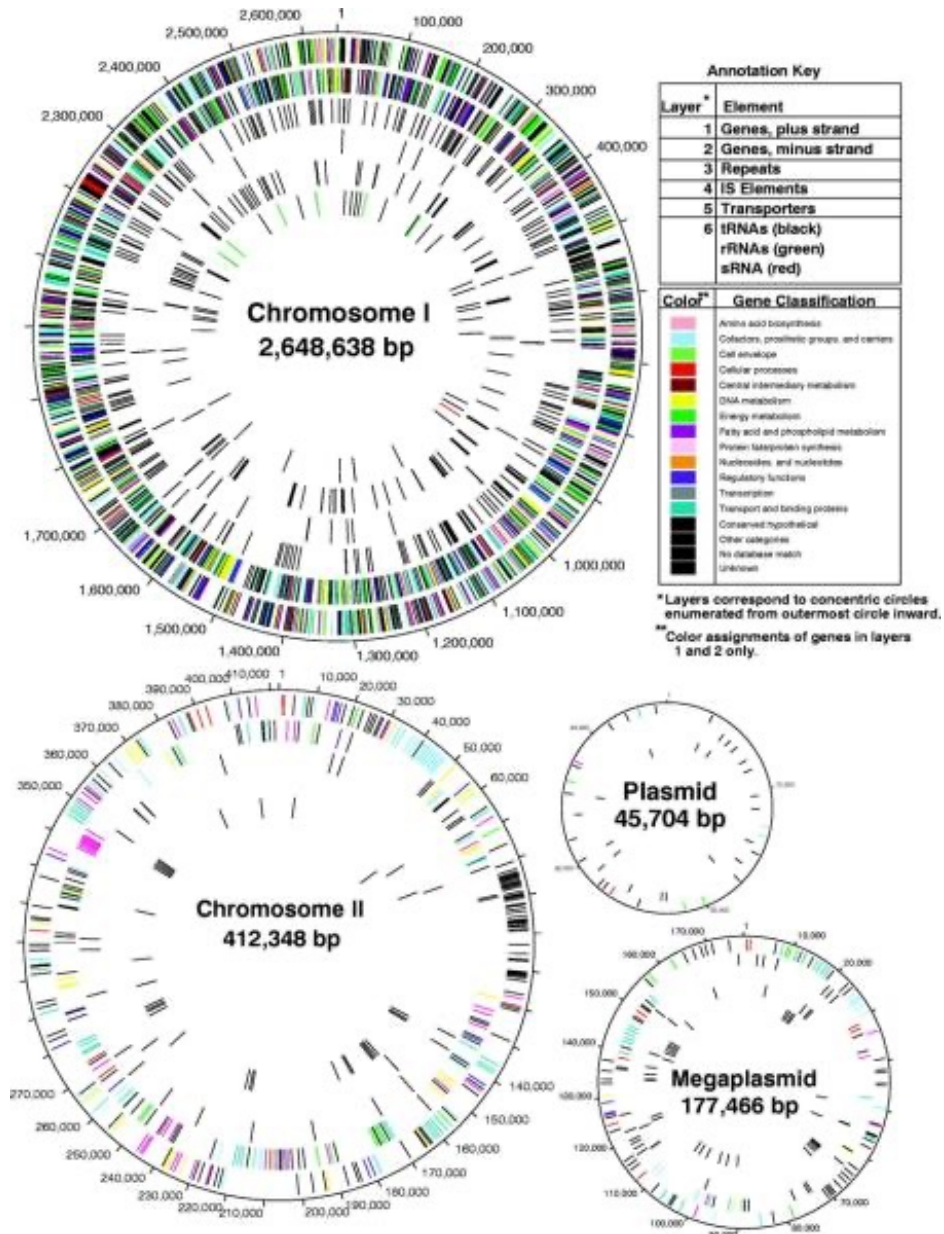
Deinococcus radiodurans genome



White et al, 1999



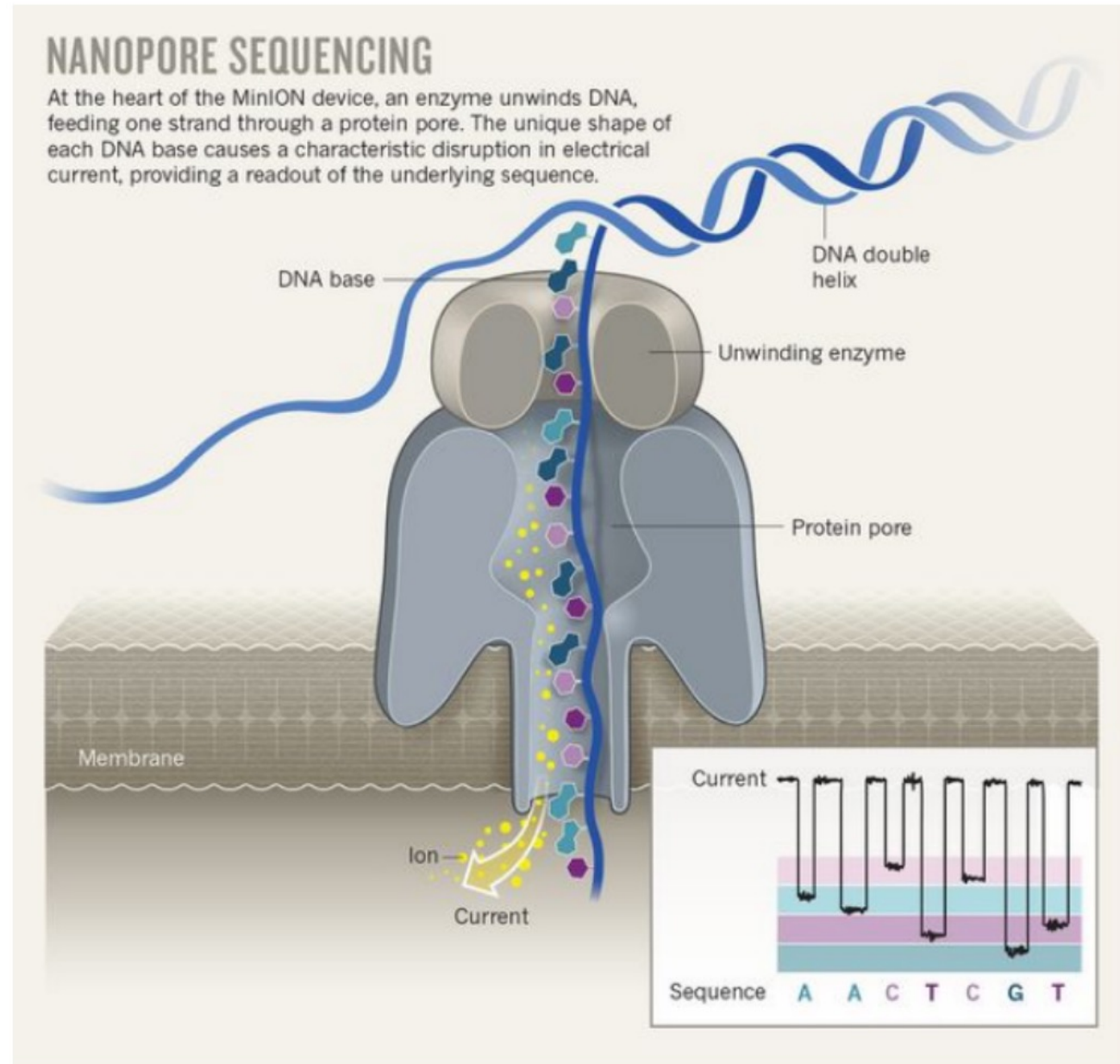
Hua and Hua, 2016



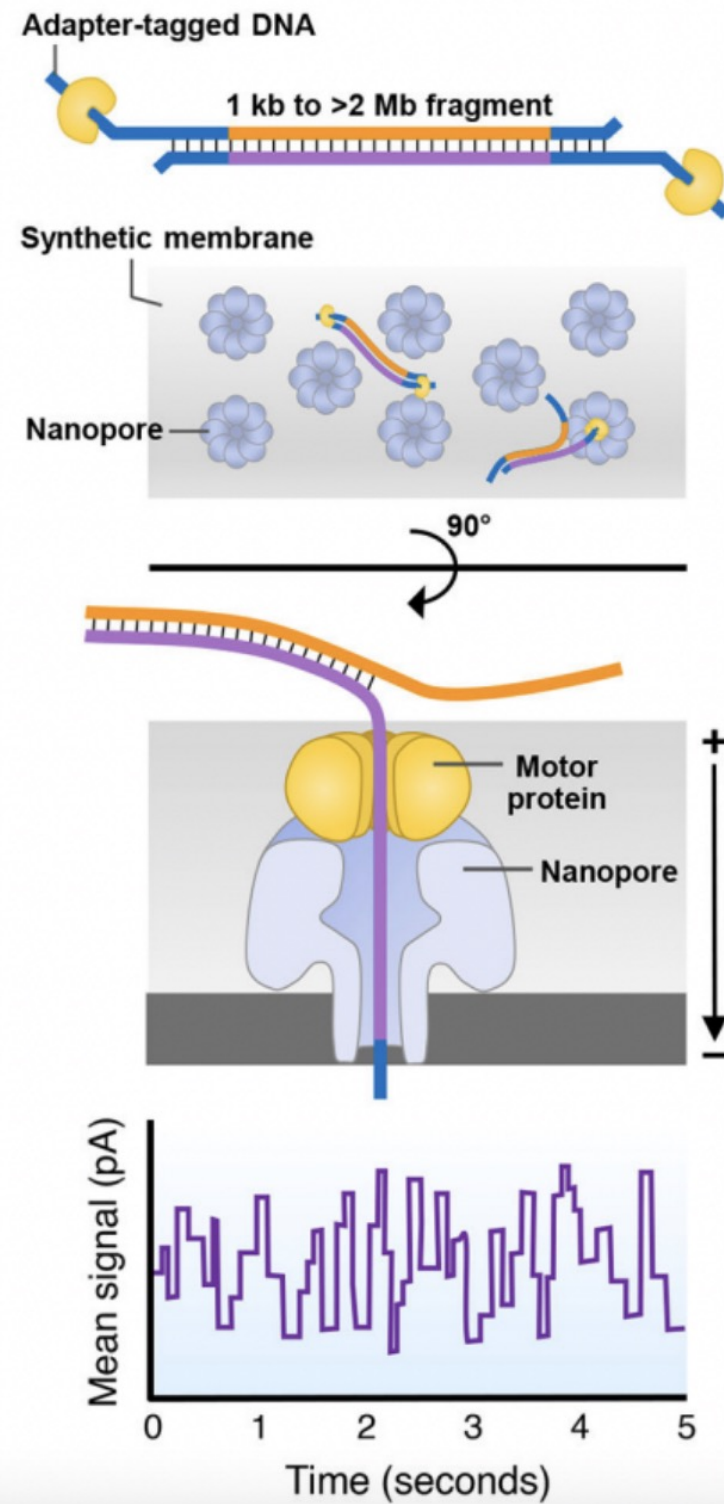
	Replicon	ID	Percentage of pairs of orthologs*	CDS	Total CDS	nt.	GC %
Hua & Hua (2016)	Chr 1	CP015081	96,43	2523	3079	2646742	67,07
	Chr 2	CP015082	96,02	352		433133	66,77
	Megaplasmid	CP015083	81,05	153		203183	62,98
	Plasmid	CP015084	62,75	51		61707	56,55
White et al (1999)	Chr 1	DRA1	84,37	2629	3181	2648638	67,01
	Chr 2	DRA2	85,05	368		412348	66,69
	Megaplasmid	DRA3	77,24	145		177466	63,19
	Plasmid	DRA4	61,54	39		45704	56,15
This work	Chr 1	DRO	100	2594	3147	2644251	67,08
	Chr 2	DRO_A	100	364		412138	66,65
	Megaplasmid	DRO_B	100	148		177322	63,21
	Plasmid	DRO_C	100	41		45508	56,26

Illumina sequencing coupled to Nanopore sequencing:
3578820 nt (450X coverage)

Nanopore sequencing Oxford Nanopore Technologies



Cours C. Fairhead



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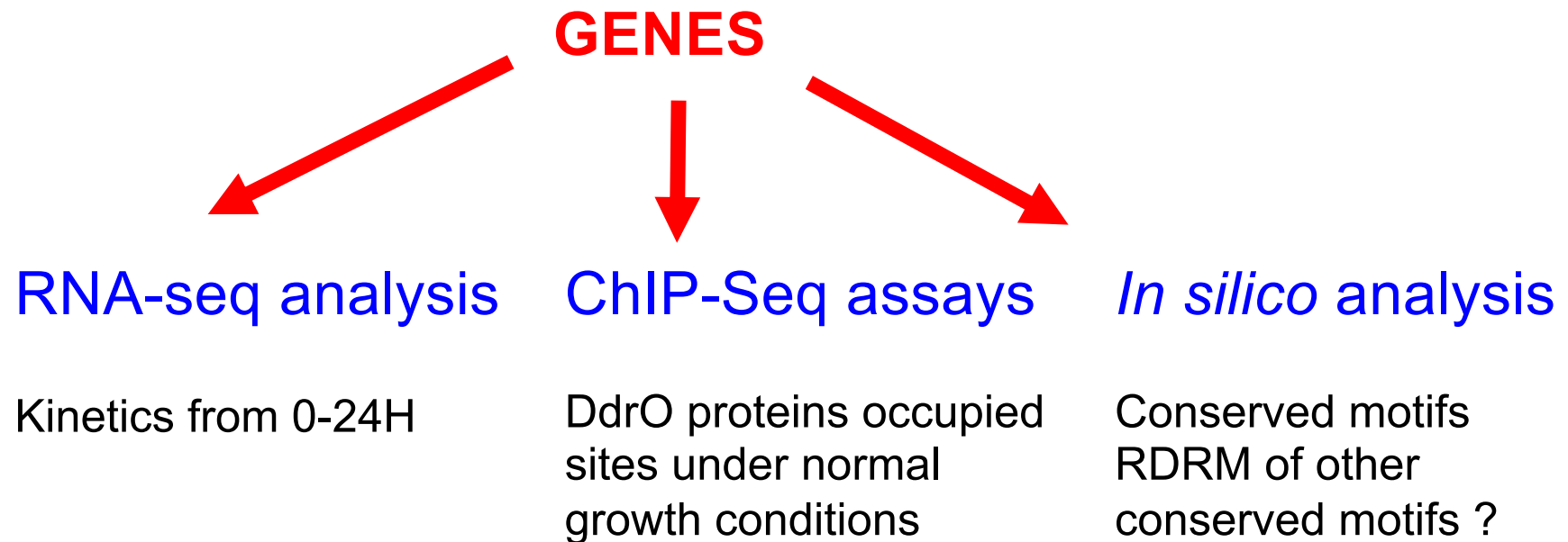
* Percentage of pairs of orthologs (at a threshold of 90 %max bit score)

Méthodes de séquençage: Nanopore + Illumina

ddrO regulon



To date, the DdO regulon is poorly characterized.



I2BC High throughput sequencing platform : we resequenced the *D. radiodurans* genome

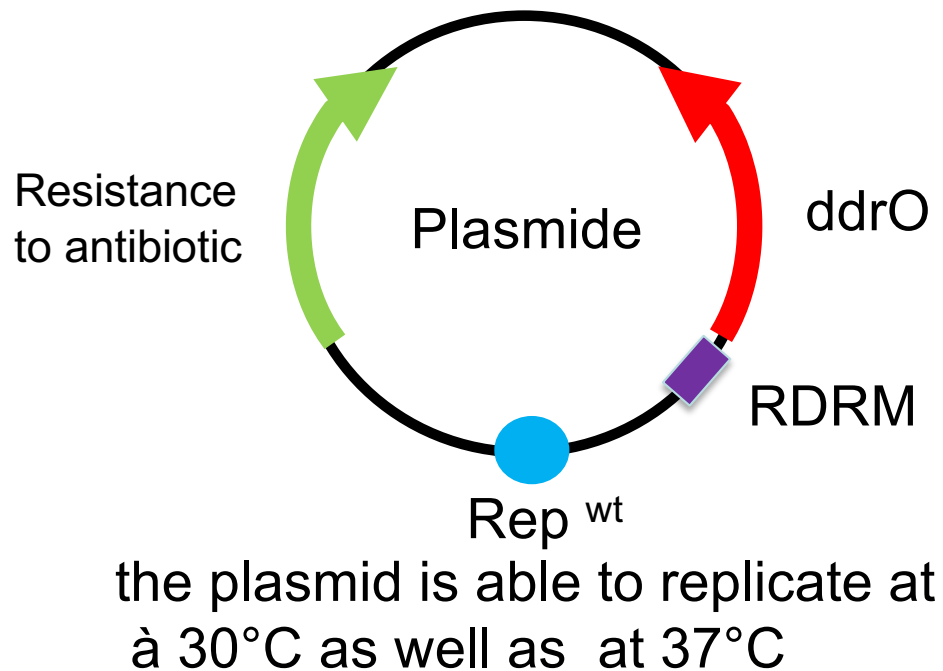
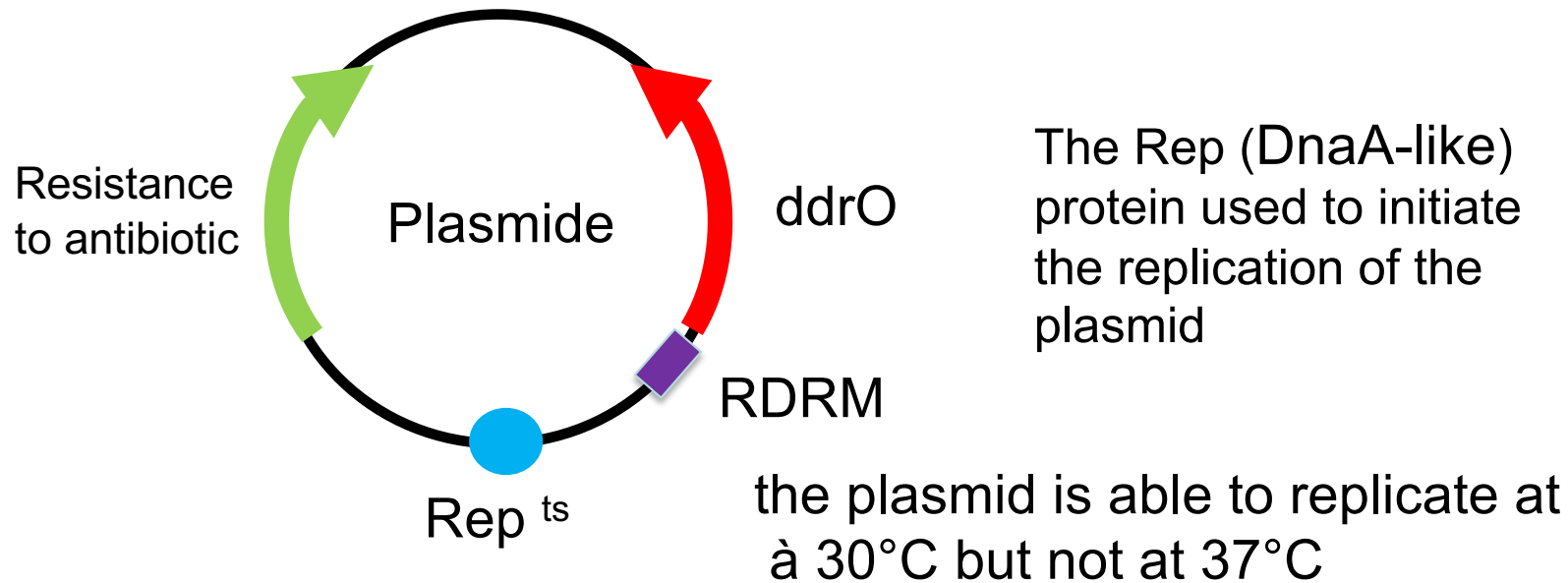
1-RNA-seq analysis

Comparison of transcriptomic profiles of cells expressing or not DdrO.

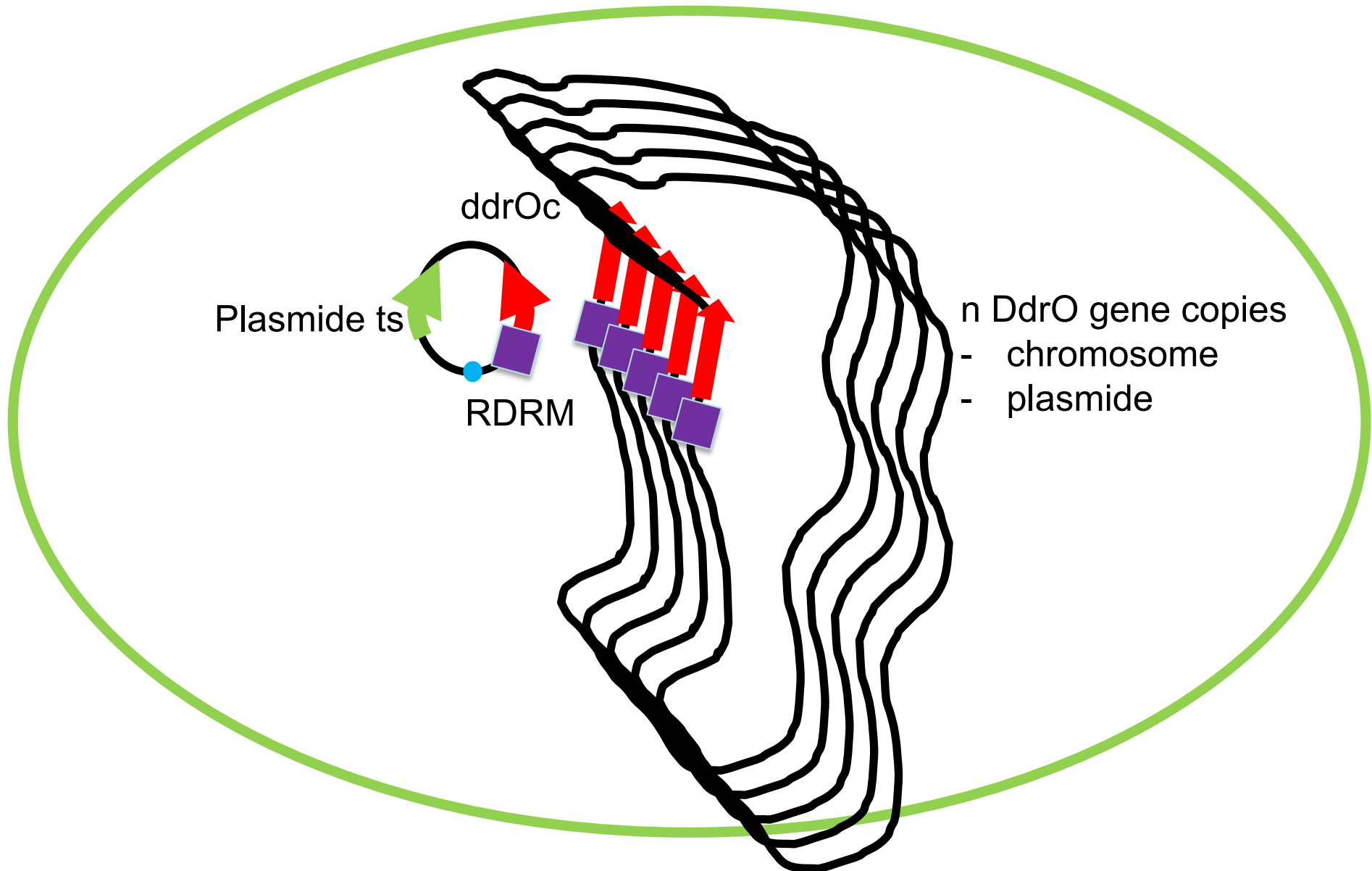
But ddrO is an essential gene.

Conditional expression system

Devigne et al, 2015

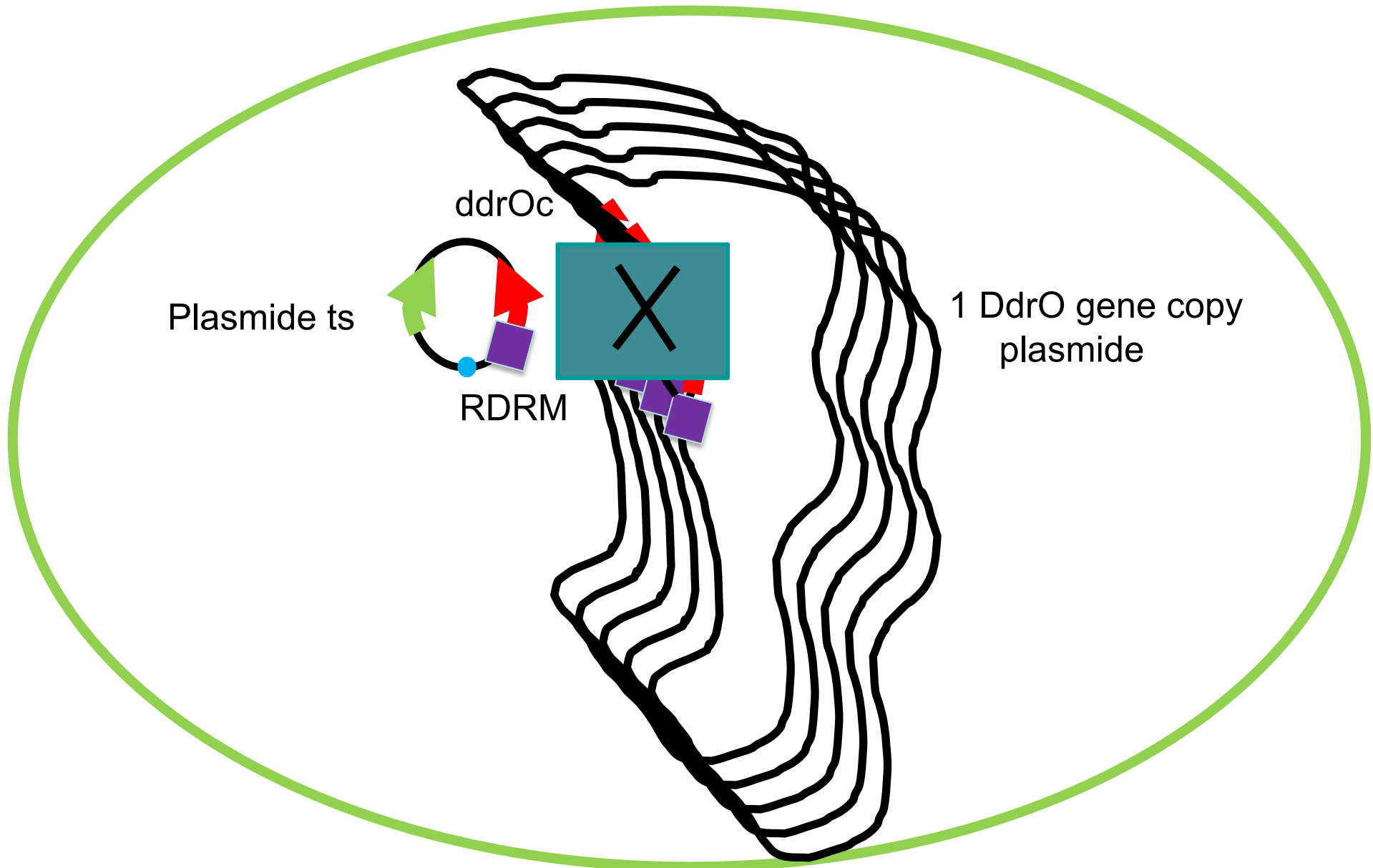


Conditional expression system



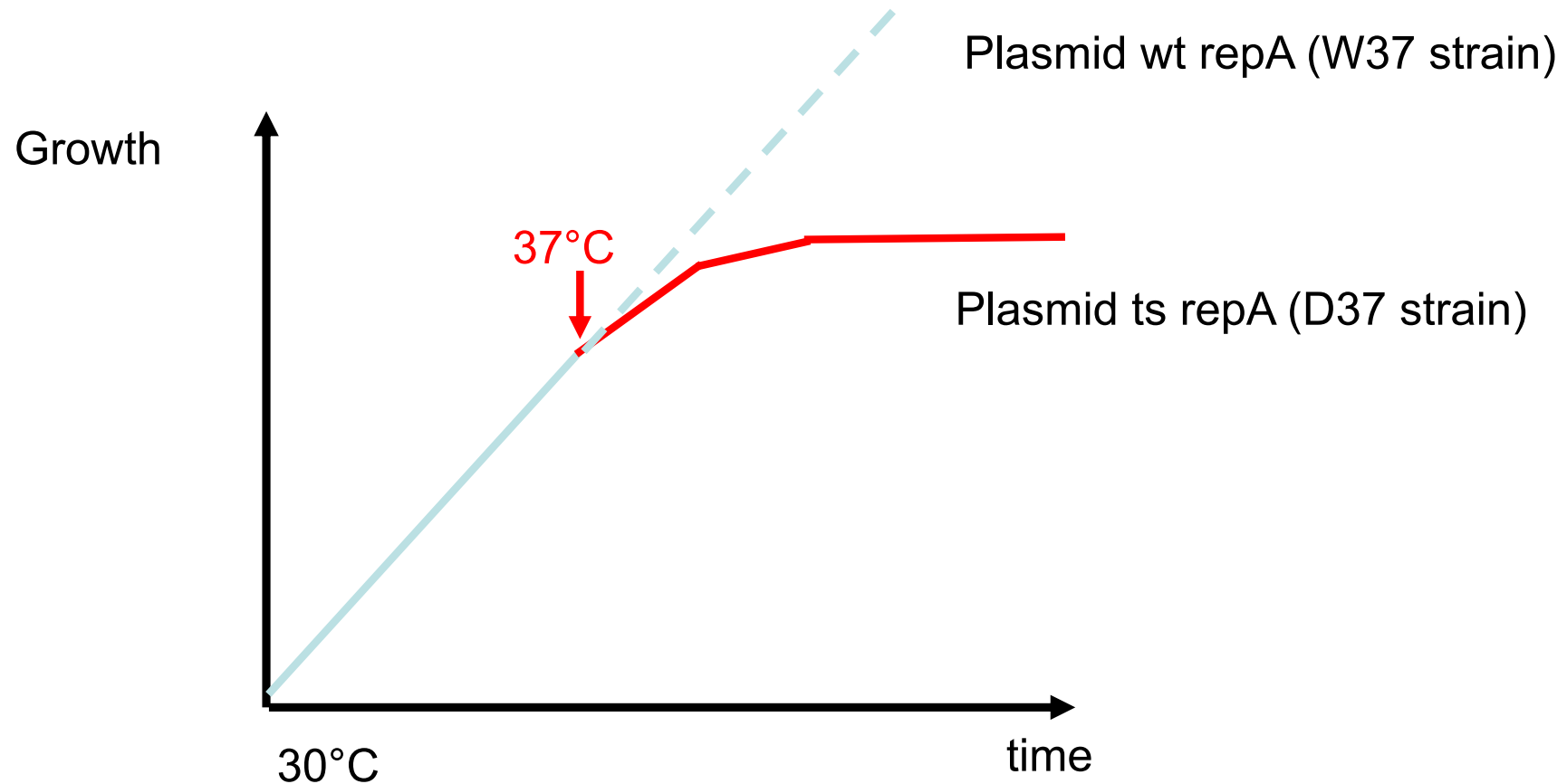
Transformation with this plasmid and growing at 30°C.

Conditional expression system

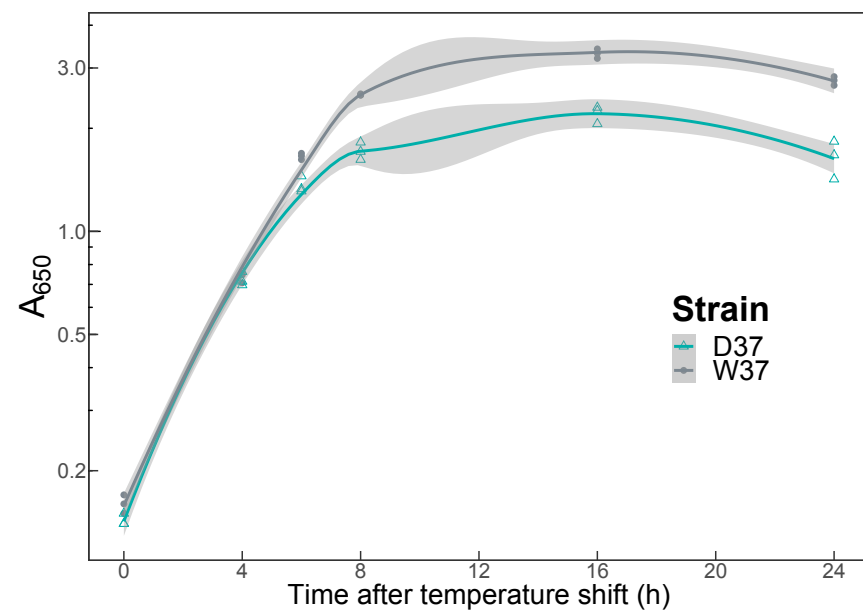


Transformation with this plasmid growing at 30°C.

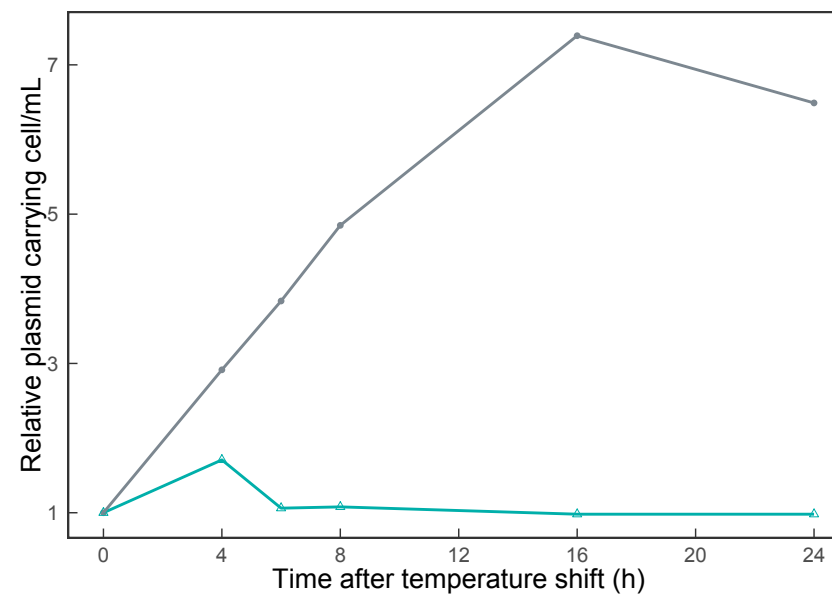
Conditional expression system



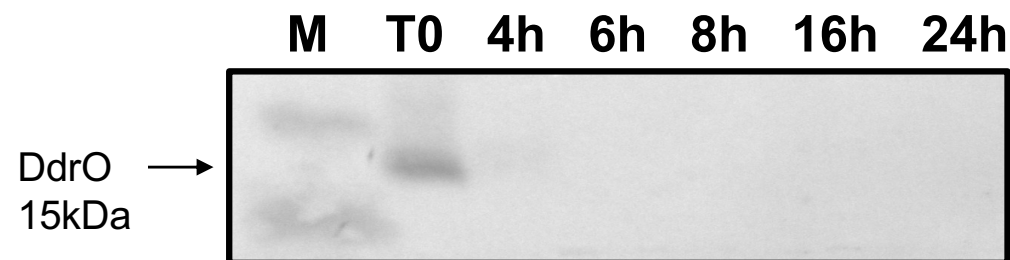
Cell growth at 30°C is shifted at 37°C. At this temperature, cells lose the ability to express the DdrO regulator because they drop the plasmid as they divide



B



C

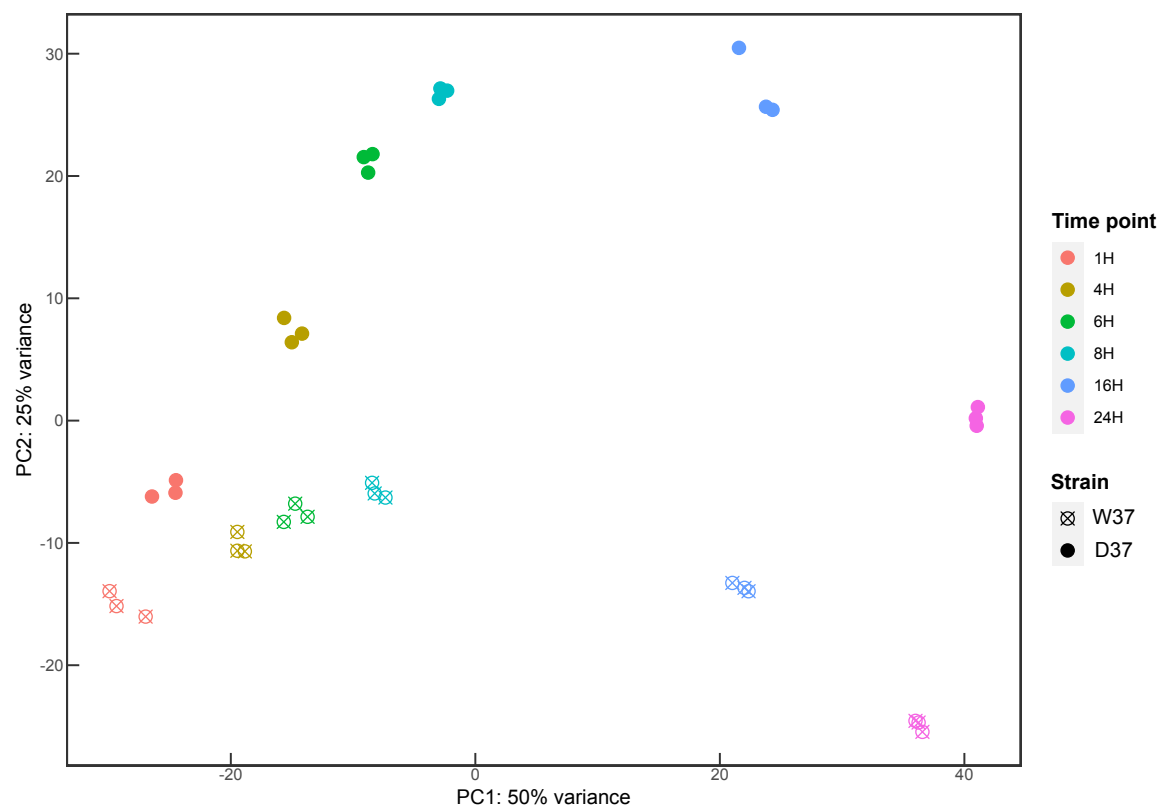


WB in D37 strain

A



B



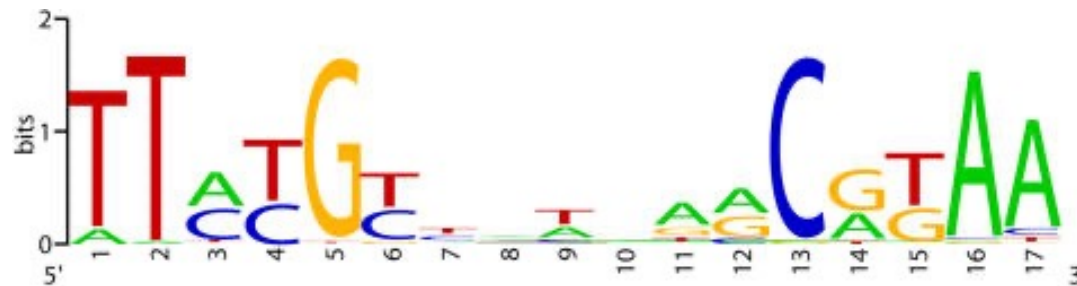
FC >2 or <-2
pVal= 0.01

control

DdrO depletion

	W37_1_4H	W37_1_4H	W37_1_6H	W37_1_6H	W37_1_8H	W37_1_8H	W37_1_16H	W37_1_16H	W37_1_24H	W37_1_24H		D37_1_4H	D37_1_4H	D37_1_6H	D37_1_6H	D37_1_8H	D37_1_8H	D37_1_16H	D37_1_16H	D37_1_24H	D37_1_24H
genes	foldChange	pval	foldChange	pval	foldChange	pval	foldChange	pval	foldChange	pval		foldChange	pval	foldChange	pval	foldChange	pval	foldChange	pval	foldChange	pval
	-1,1152055	0,3508733	-1,3506787	0,00574473	-1,2014894	0,1089291	1,06842291	0,5620384	3,582918	2,98E-29		1,2831724	0,05254004	3,52529425	8,91E-21	5,49148191	5,25E-35	3,713144	5,82E-20	7,1313	4,70E-45
	-1,3803584	0,00172157	-1,4648647	0,00021223	-1,8491845	2,01E-09	-1,7805814	5,29E-08	2,407694	2,73E-17		2,5216576	7,23E-13	7,28586621	3,21E-47	8,09149696	9,72E-51	1,403114	0,01251915	6,597879	2,49E-42
	1,71351286	0,00659292	2,54883442	6,02E-06	1,26917619	0,2321881	-3,2737229	1,30E-08	-5,7249013	2,21E-15		2,5902338	2,30E-10	5,10815997	4,39E-26	3,34648711	1,13E-14	1,848536	0,00015841	-2,1629642	1,26E-07
pprA	1,42508545	0,00049218	1,41935813	0,00103892	1,49901024	5,70E-05	1,53562195	3,59E-05	2,318186	1,14E-15		4,6988185	4,95E-29	11,2898799	2,17E-61	17,2727332	6,60E-78	26,33406	1,57E-93	6,828199	1,79E-40
ddrC	1,90379795	7,36E-05	1,53789083	0,01407694	1,89614081	6,85E-05	1,74327819	0,00099102	2,850903	8,64E-10		3,9194555	2,61E-14	12,7375865	2,70E-40	26,0296172	5,95E-58	56,65306	1,02E-77	12,98358	7,36E-40
ddrB	1,03099766	0,794671	1,00632657	0,8529694	1,09605366	0,5132555	-1,483541	0,00906293	1,437375	0,01136855		2,4659693	1,01E-08	6,79008832	1,60E-29	14,2528508	3,70E-51	12,74786	8,67E-46	3,713985	2,52E-15
ssb	-2,4798745	0,00021091	-3,0853675	7,23E-06	-2,3383582	0,0004963	-3,9381685	1,32E-07	-15,161586	1,36E-22		-1,1718892	0,4498315	1,12750692	0,5998258	2,10246175	0,00047866	3,065833	4,14E-07	-3,5186625	2,76E-08
ddrF	-1,0304228	0,9202462	1,25415473	0,298776	-1,1999292	0,366738	1,12577489	0,653134	-1,4640178	0,06532788		1,1534238	0,4353617	2,680867	2,14E-05	3,55003793	6,41E-08	4,599556	2,19E-10	1,396668	0,1218419

20 out of 24 predicted genes were upregulated during DdrO depletion



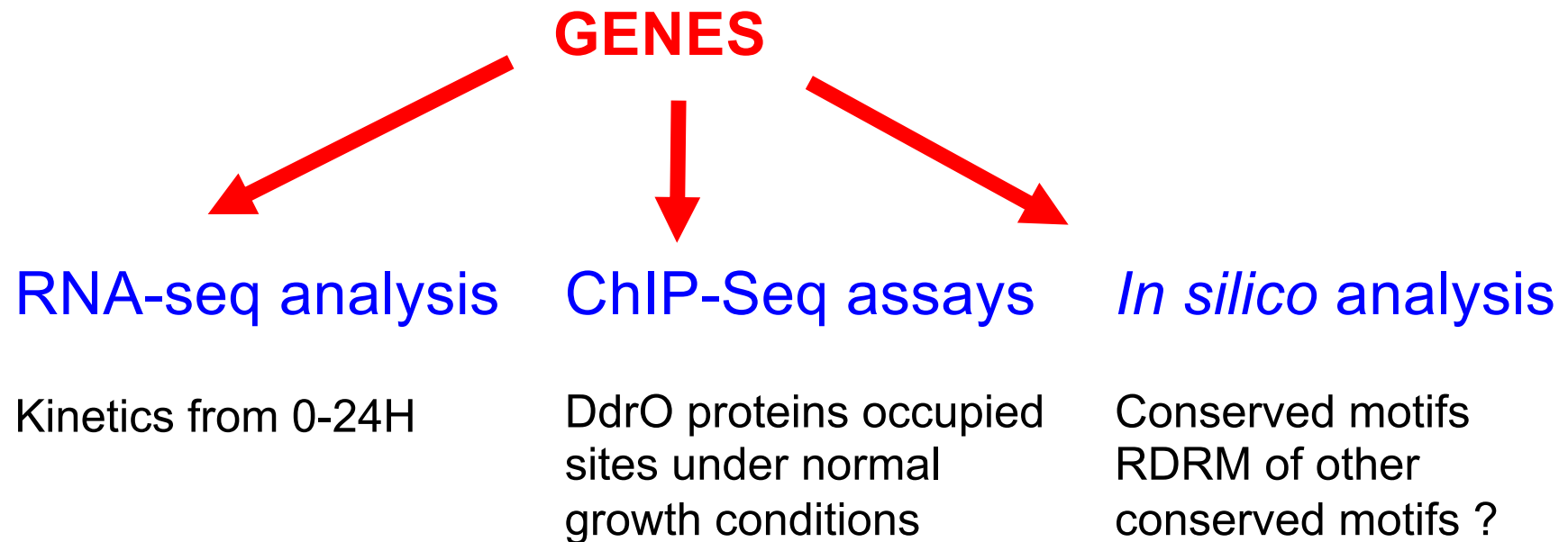
Degenerated RDRM

436 genes displayed similar transcriptomic profiles 260 genes were upregulated in the strain in which the depletion of DdrO occurred. Among them 30 genes encoding proteins involved in DNA repair and DNA metabolism and 176 were downregulated.

ddrO regulon



To date, the DdO regulon is poorly characterized.



I2BC High throughput sequencing platform : we resequenced the *D. radiodurans* genome

ChIP-seq assays

DdrO proteins occupied sites under normal growth conditions

ddrO-V5 recombinant protein/ ChIP-grade antibodies against V5 peptide

Growth without any stress

3 IP

1 INPUT

bPeaks software (G. Lelandais)

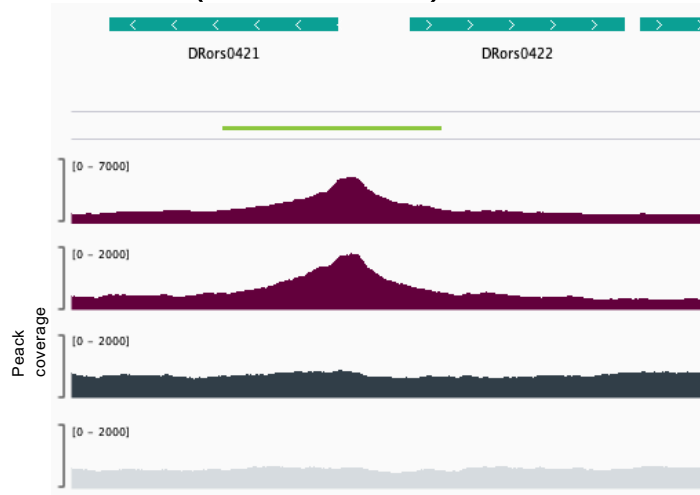
1 MOCK (ddrOwt)

First ChIP-seq performed in *D. radiodurans*

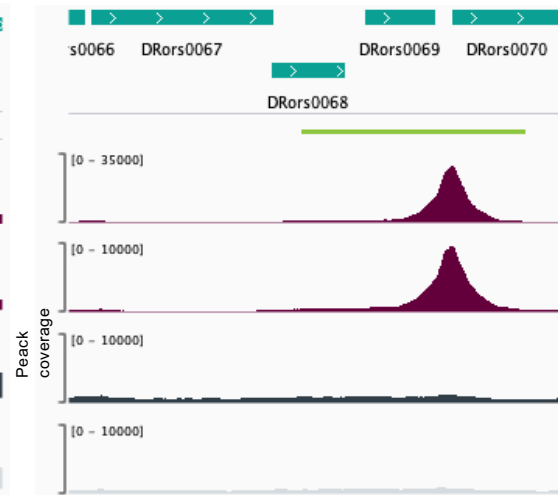
136 peaks: 110 located in promoters of genes

5 genes known to be regulated by DdrO

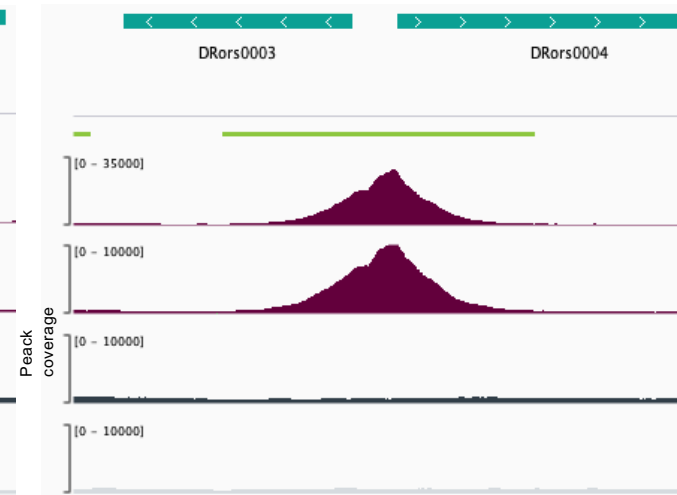
ddrA (drors0421)



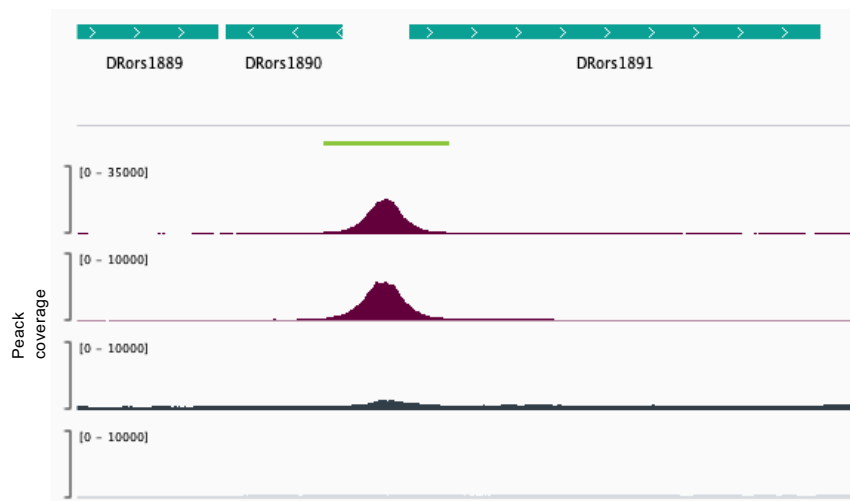
ddrB (drors0070)



ddrC (drors0003)



gyrA (drors1891)



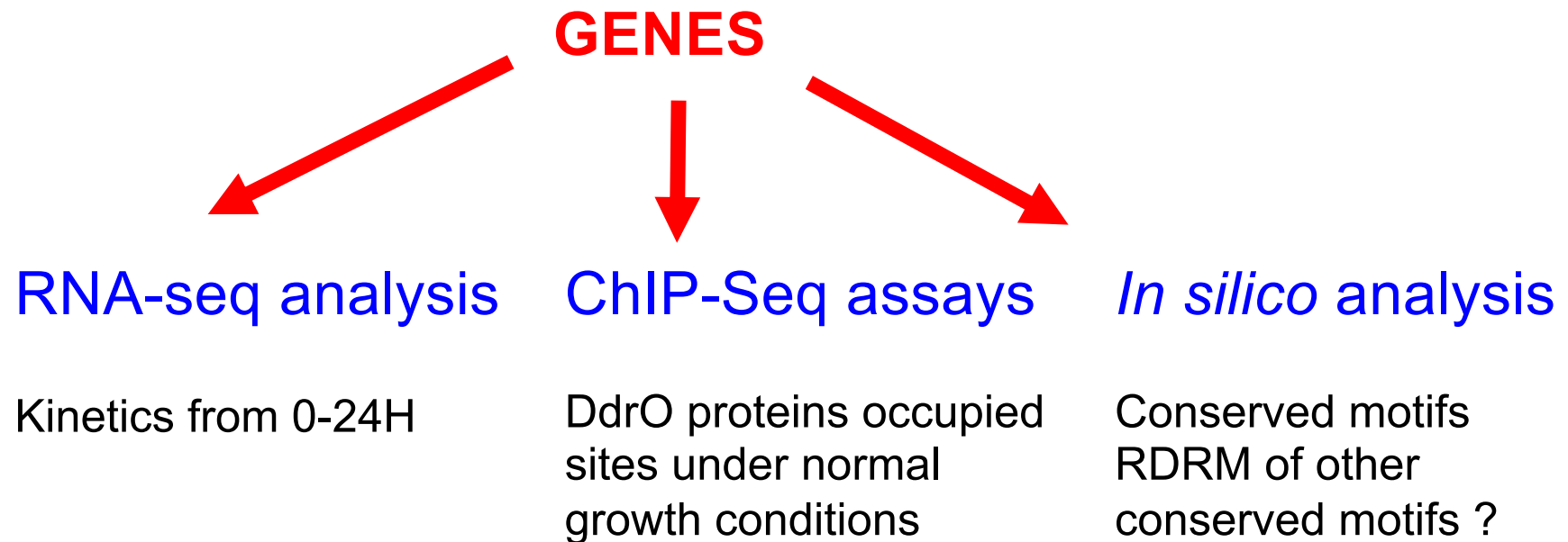
gyrB (drors0899)



ddrO regulon



To date, the DdO regulon is poorly characterized.



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Search for DdrO DNA binding motifs

Sequence analysis
(motif discovery)

(with MEME and FIMO)

for palindromic or non-palindromic motifs with an occurrence of one motif per sequence or any number of repetitions



How many Peak sequences contained a conserved motif close to the previously described RDRM binding site ?

