



Travaux pratiques – Galaxy*

(partie 1)

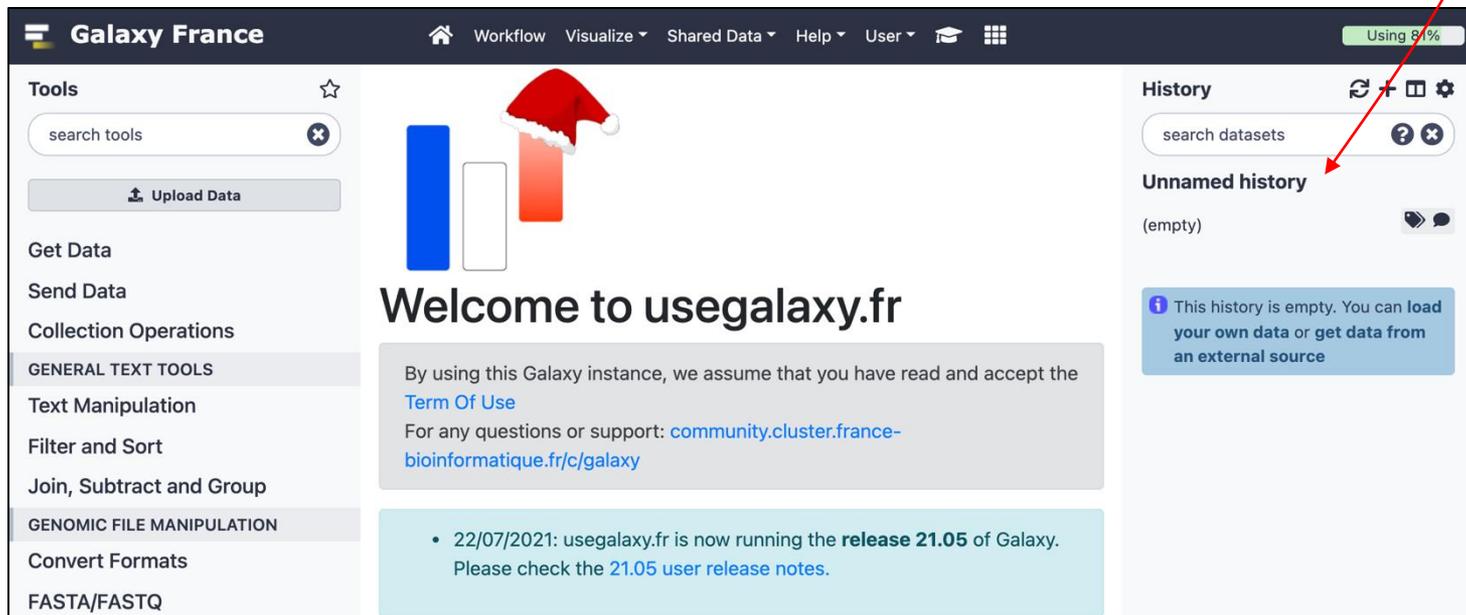
Gaëlle Lelandais et Fabrice Confalonieri

gaelle.lelandais@universite-paris-saclay.fr ; fabrice.confalonieri@universite-paris-saclay.fr

* Les captures d'écran ont été réalisées en 2022, il est possible que l'interface aujourd'hui soit légèrement différente.

Etape 1 : Connexion à Galaxy

- Se connecter à l'instance Galaxy « France » : <https://usegalaxy.fr/>
- Créer un nouvel historique de travail



The screenshot displays the Galaxy France web interface. The top navigation bar includes 'Galaxy France', 'Workflow', 'Visualize', 'Shared Data', 'Help', 'User', and a 'Using 81%' indicator. The left sidebar contains a 'Tools' section with a search bar and an 'Upload Data' button, followed by categories like 'Get Data', 'Send Data', 'Collection Operations', 'GENERAL TEXT TOOLS', 'GENOMIC FILE MANIPULATION', and 'FASTA/FASTQ'. The main content area features a 'Welcome to usegalaxy.fr' message with a Santa hat icon and a 'Term Of Use' link. A red arrow points from the text 'Créer un nouvel historique de travail' to the 'History' panel on the right, which shows an 'Unnamed history' that is empty. A blue information box in the history panel states: 'This history is empty. You can load your own data or get data from an external source'.

Données utilisées pour le TP



Article

Characterization of the Radiation Desiccation Response Regulon of the Radioresistant Bacterium *Deinococcus radiodurans* by Integrative Genomic Analyses

Nicolas Eugénie , Yvan Zivanovic , Gaëlle Lelandais, Geneviève Coste, Claire Bouthier de la Tour, Esma Benchikou, Pascale Servant [†] and Fabrice Confalonieri ^{*,†}

Université Paris-Saclay, CEA, CNRS, Institute for Integrative Biology of the Cell (I2BC), 91198 Gif-sur-Yvette, France; nicolas.eugenie@i2bc.paris-saclay.fr (N.E.); yvan.zivanovic@i2bc.paris-saclay.fr (Y.Z.); gaëlle.lelandais@i2bc.paris-saclay.fr (G.L.); genevieve.coste@i2bc.paris-saclay.fr (G.C.); claire.bouthier@i2bc.paris-saclay.fr (C.B.d.l.T.); esma.benchikou@i2bc.paris-saclay.fr (E.B.); pascale.servant@i2bc.paris-saclay.fr (P.S.)
* Correspondence: fabrice.confalonieri@i2bc.paris-saclay.fr

[†] These authors contributed equally to this work.

Abstract: Numerous genes are overexpressed in the radioresistant bacterium *Deinococcus radiodurans* after exposure to radiation or prolonged desiccation. It was shown that the DdrO and IrfE proteins play a major role in regulating the expression of approximately twenty genes. The transcriptional repressor DdrO blocks the expression of these genes under normal growth conditions. After exposure to genotoxic agents, the IrfE metalloprotease cleaves DdrO and relieves gene repression. At present, many questions remain, such as the number of genes regulated by DdrO. Here, we present the first ChIP-seq analysis performed at the genome level in *Deinococcus* species coupled with RNA-seq, which was achieved in the presence or not of DdrO. We also resequenced our laboratory stock strain of *D. radiodurans* R1 ATCC 13939 to obtain an accurate reference for read alignments and gene expression quantifications. We highlighted genes that are directly under the control of this transcriptional repressor and showed that the DdrO regulon in *D. radiodurans* includes numerous other genes than those previously described, including DNA and RNA metabolism proteins. These results thus pave the way to better understand the radioresistance pathways encoded by this bacterium and to compare the stress-induced responses mediated by this pair of proteins in diverse bacteria.

Keywords: radioresistance/desiccation; transcriptional regulator; *Deinococcus radiodurans*; ChIP-seq; RNA-seq; bioinformatic analyses

1. Introduction

Deinococcus radiodurans is one of the most resistant bacteria to genotoxic agent exposure and desiccation isolated to date [1–4]. Unlike radioresistant organisms, once exposed to huge γ -ray doses, or after prolonged desiccation, *D. radiodurans* is able to reconstruct an intact genome in a few hours from several hundred DNA fragments [5]. Many factors contribute to the radioresistance of *D. radiodurans*, including efficient DNA repair mechanisms [5–8], a condensed nucleoid limiting the dispersion of genome fragments after irradiation [9,10], and the protection of proteins against oxidative damage [11]. Thus, the exceptional ability of this bacterium to overcome severe DNA damaging conditions is described as a combination of active and passive mechanisms acting in synergy within the cell, enabling survival following these stresses.

The exposure of *D. radiodurans* to γ -rays, or its recovery from desiccation, results in a rapid upregulation of the expression of numerous genes [12,13], even if constitutively expressed genes are also involved in the mechanisms of radioresistance. In many bacterial species, expression of DNA repair genes is under the control of LexA, the repressor of the well-known SOS response (for review [14]). *D. radiodurans* encodes two LexA homologs



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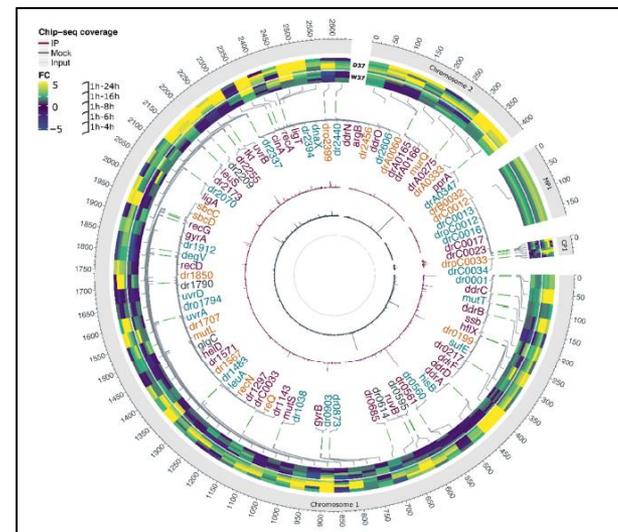
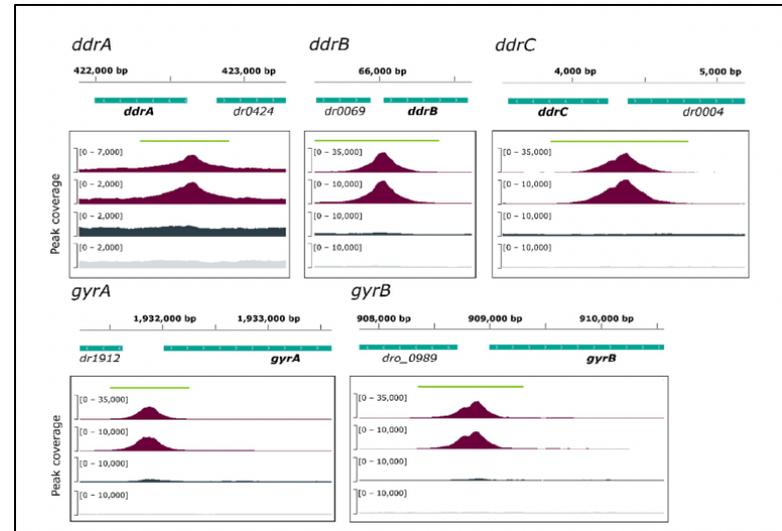
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Etape 2 : Importer des fichiers FASTQ (RNAseq)

- Disponibilité des données sur SRA :

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sra?term=SRP322113>

NCBI SRA search results for SRP322113. The page displays search results for five Illumina NextSeq 500 runs. The first result is GSM5350263: MOCK-GY9613-rep1: Deinococcus radiodurans R1: ChIP-Seq. The second is GSM5350262: INPUT-GY18220-rep1: Deinococcus radiodurans R1: ChIP-Seq. The third is GSM5350261: IP-GY18220-rep3: Deinococcus radiodurans R1: ChIP-Seq. The fourth is GSM5350260: IP-GY18220-rep2: Deinococcus radiodurans R1: ChIP-Seq. The fifth is GSM5350259: IP-GY18220-rep1: Deinococcus radiodurans R1: ChIP-Seq. The page also includes a sidebar with filters for Access, Source, Library Layout, Platform, Strategy, Data in Cloud, and File Type. A 'Search in related databases' table is visible on the right, showing results for BioSample, BioProject, dbGaP, and GEO Datasets.

Database	Access		
	public	controlled	all
BioSample			
BioProject			
dbGaP			
GEO Datasets	1		1

Etape 2 : Importer des fichiers FASTQ (RNAseq)

- Disponibilité des données sur SRA :

<https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/sra?term=SRP322113>

- Première partie du TP réalisée sur un unique échantillon RNAseq :
 - SRR14698434

Etape 2 : Importer des fichiers FASTQ (RNAseq)

- Importer le fichier FASTQ dans l'historique de travail
 - Outil : Get Data / Faster Download and Extract Reads in FASTQ

The screenshot shows the Galaxy France interface. On the left, the 'Tools' sidebar is visible, with a search bar and an 'Upload Data' button. Below that, the 'Get Data' section lists several tools. A red arrow labeled '1' points to the tool 'Faster Download and Extract Reads in FASTQ format from NCBI SRA'. The main area shows the configuration for this tool. The 'select input type' dropdown is set to 'SRR accession', with a red arrow labeled '2' pointing to it. Below that, the 'Accession' field contains the text 'SRR14698434'. A note below the field states: 'Must start with SRR, DRR or ERR, e.g. SRR925743, ERR343809'. There is an 'Advanced Options' link and an 'Email notification' toggle which is currently turned off. At the bottom of the configuration area, there is a blue 'Execute' button with a checkmark icon, which is highlighted by a red arrow labeled '3'. On the right, the 'History' sidebar shows a search bar and a message: 'This history is empty. You can load your own data or get data from an external source'.

Temps attente (un peu long...)

The screenshot displays the Galaxy France web interface. At the top, the navigation bar includes 'Workflow', 'Visualize', 'Shared Data', 'Help', 'User', and a 'Using 11%' indicator. The left sidebar contains 'Tools' (with a search bar and 'Upload Data' button) and 'Get Data' (with links for NCBI Accession Download, Download and Extract Reads in BAM, Faster Download and Extract Reads in FASTQ, Download and Extract Reads in FASTA/Q, Upload File, UCSC Main, and UCSC Archaea). The main content area features a green success message: 'Executed Faster Download and Extract Reads in FASTQ and successfully added 1 job to the queue. The tool uses this input: It produces this output: • 16: fasterq-dump log'. Below this, a note explains how to check job status. The right sidebar shows the 'History' panel with a search bar and a list of jobs. A red arrow points from the text 'Données de type « pair-end »' to job 13, 'Pair-end data (fasterq-dump)', which is described as 'a list of pairs'.

Galaxy France

Workflow Visualize Shared Data Help User

Using 11%

Tools

search tools

Upload Data

Get Data

NCBI Accession Download Download sequences from GenBank/RefSeq by accession through the NCBI ENTREZ API

Download and Extract Reads in BAM format from NCBI SRA

Faster Download and Extract Reads in FASTQ format from NCBI SRA

Download and Extract Reads in FASTA/Q format from NCBI SRA

Upload File from your computer

UCSC Main table browser

UCSC Archaea table browser

Executed **Faster Download and Extract Reads in FASTQ** and successfully added 1 job to the queue.

The tool uses this input:

It produces this output:

- 16: fasterq-dump log

You can check the status of queued jobs and view the resulting data by refreshing the History panel. When the job has been run the status will change from 'running' to 'finished' if completed successfully or 'error' if problems were encountered.

History

search datasets

TP Galaxy (partie 1)

4 shown, 12 deleted

(empty)

- 16: fasterq-dump log
- 15: Other data (fasterq-dump) a list
- 14: Single-end data (fasterq-dump) a list
- 13: Pair-end data (fasterq-dump) a list of pairs

Données de type « pair-end »

Historique de secours

- Si l'importation des fichiers FASTQ depuis la banque de données SRA est trop longue, vous pouvez importer les données de mon historique de secours :

<https://usegalaxy.fr/u/gaellelelandais/h/backup---tp-galaxy-partie-1>

- Passez ensuite à l'étape suivante !

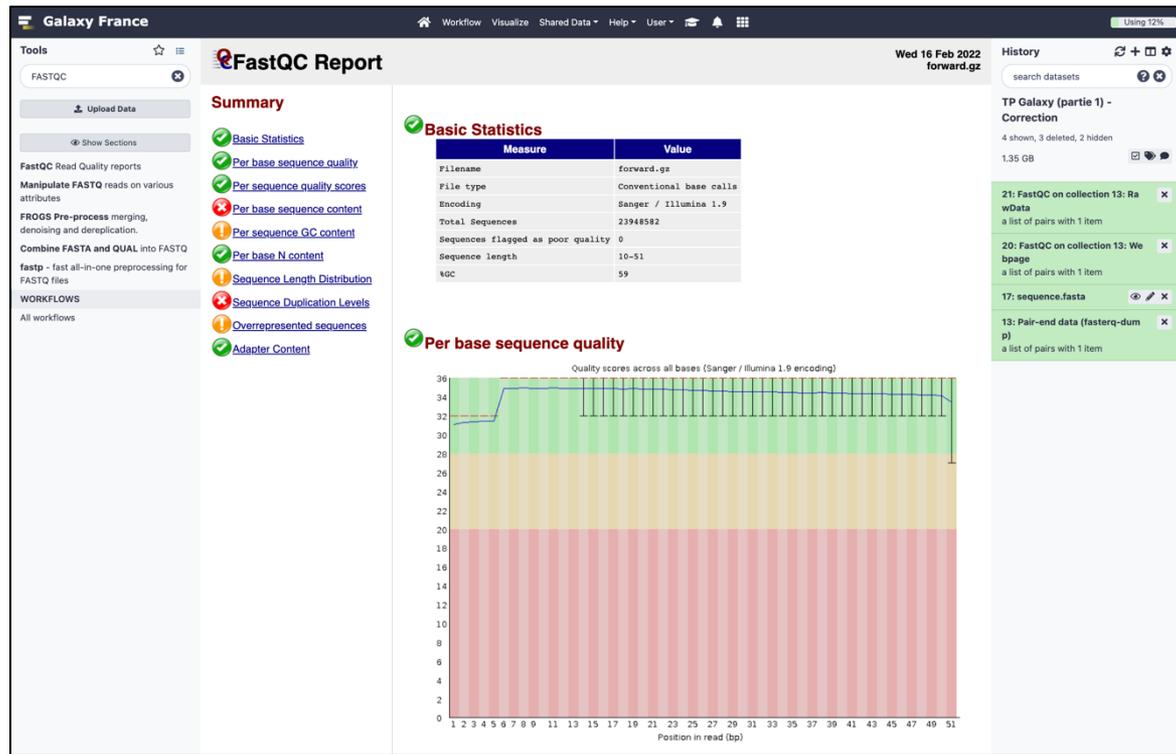
Etape 3 : Contrôle de la qualité des séquences (1/2)

- Appliquer l'outil FASTQC sur le fichier FASTQ

The screenshot displays the Galaxy France interface for running the FASTQC tool. The left sidebar (1) shows the 'Tools' section with 'FASTQC' selected. The main panel (2) shows the 'FastQC Read Quality reports' tool configuration. The 'Raw read data from your current history' section (3) has a dropdown menu set to '13: Pair-end data (fasterq-dump)'. The right sidebar (4) shows the 'History' section with two jobs: '21: FastQC on collection 13: RawData' and '20: FastQC on collection 13: Webpage', both with a status of '2 jobs generating a list of pairs'.

Etape 3 : Contrôle de la qualité des séquences (2/2)

- Accéder aux graphiques de résultats



Etape 4 : Télécharger le génome de référence

- Accéder la page NCBI du génome : <https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/bioproject/PRJNA684478/>

The screenshot displays the NCBI BioProject page for PRJNA684478. The page is titled "Deinococcus radiodurans R1 strain:R1 | isolate:orsay" and provides access to the genome sequencing and assembly data. The main content area is divided into a table of project details on the left and a sidebar on the right containing related information and resources.

Accession	PRJNA684478
Data Type	Genome sequencing and assembly
Scope	Monoisolate
Organism	Deinococcus radiodurans R1 [Taxonomy ID: 243230] Bacteria; Deinococcus-Thermus; Deinococci; Deinococcales; Deinococcaceae; Deinococcus; Deinococcus radiodurans; Deinococcus radiodurans R1
Publications	Eugénie N <i>et al.</i> , "Characterization of the Radiation Desiccation Response Regulon of the Radioresistant Bacterium <i>Deinococcus radiodurans</i> by Integrative Genomic Analyses.", <i>Cells</i> , 2021 Sep 25;10(10)
Submission	Registration date: 6-Jan-2022 université paris-sud/paris-saclay
Related Resources	• Deinococcus radiodurans nanopore + illumina resequencing
Relevance	Model Organism
Locus Tag Prefix	DRO

Related information

- Assembly
- BioSample
- Full text in PMC
- Genome
- PubMed
- Taxonomy

Related Resources

- [Deinococcus radiodurans nanopore + illumina resequencing](#)

Recent activity

- [Deinococcus radiodurans R1 strain:R1 | isolate:orsay](#) BioProject
- [ASM2137829v1 - Genome - Assembly - NCBI](#) Assembly
- [684478\[BioProject\] \(4\)](#) Nucleotide
- [PRJNA684478 \(1\)](#) BioProject

Etape 4 : Télécharger le génome de référence

- Télécharger les 4 séquences sous la forme d'un fichier FASTA :

Accession: PRJNA684478

Data Type: Genome sequencing and assembly

Scope: Monoisolate

Organism: *Deinococcus radiodurans* R1 [Taxonomy ID: 243230]
Bacteria; Deinococcus-Thermus; Deinococci; Deinococcales; Deinococcaceae; Deinococcus; Deinococcus radiodurans; Deinococcus radiodurans R1

Publications: Eugénie N *et al.*, "Characterization of the Radiation Desiccation Response Regulon of the Radioresistant Bacterium *Deinococcus radiodurans* by Integrative Genomic Analyses.", *Cells*, 2021 Sep 25;10(10)

Submission: Registration date: 6-Jan-2022
université paris-sud/paris-saclay

Related Resources: • [Deinococcus radiodurans nanopore + illumina resequencing](#)

Relevance: Model Organism

Locus Tag Prefix: DRO

Project Data:

Resource Name	Number of Links
SEQUENCE DATA	
Nucleotide (Genomic DNA)	4
Protein Sequences	3099
PUBLICATIONS	
PubMed	1
PMC	1
OTHER DATASETS	
BioSample	1
Assembly	1

Etape 4 : Télécharger le génome de référence

- Télécharger les 4 séquences sous la forme d'un fichier FASTA :

The screenshot shows the NCBI website interface for a search result. The search bar at the top contains '684478[BioProject]'. A red arrow labeled '2' points to the search bar. Below the search bar, there are four items listed, each with a link to 'FASTA'. A red arrow labeled '3' points to the 'Send to' dropdown menu. A red arrow labeled '4' points to the 'FASTA' option in the format menu. A red arrow labeled '5' points to the 'FASTA' option in the destination menu.

NCBI Resources How To Sign in to NCBI

Nucleotide Nucleotide 684478[BioProject] Search

Species Bacteria (4) Customize ...

Molecule types genomic DNA/RNA (4) Customize ...

Source databases INSDC (GenBank) (4) Customize ...

Sequence Type Nucleotide (4)

Genetic compartments Plasmid (2)

Sequence length Custom range...

Release date Custom range...

Revision date Custom range...

[Clear all](#)

[Show additional filters](#)

Summary Sort by Default order

Items: 4

1. [Deinococcus radiodurans R1 plasmid pCP1, complete sequence](#)
45,508 bp circular DNA
Accession: CP068794.1 GI: 2173399459
[Assembly](#) [BioProject](#) [BioSample](#) [Protein](#) [PubMed](#) [Taxonomy](#)
[GenBank](#) [FASTA](#) [Graphics](#)

2. [Deinococcus radiodurans R1 plasmid pMP1, complete sequence](#)
177,322 bp circular DNA
Accession: CP068793.1 GI: 2173399285
[Assembly](#) [BioProject](#) [BioSample](#) [Protein](#) [PubMed](#) [Taxonomy](#)
[GenBank](#) [FASTA](#) [Graphics](#)

3. [Deinococcus radiodurans R1 chromosome II, complete sequence](#)
412,138 bp circular DNA
Accession: CP068792.1 GI: 2173398878
[Assembly](#) [BioProject](#) [BioSample](#) [Protein](#) [PubMed](#) [Taxonomy](#)
[GenBank](#) [FASTA](#) [Graphics](#)

4. [Deinococcus radiodurans R1 chromosome I, complete sequence](#)
2,644,251 bp circular DNA
Accession: CP068791.1 GI: 2173396186
[Assembly](#) [BioProject](#) [BioSample](#) [Protein](#) [PubMed](#) [Taxonomy](#)
[GenBank](#) [FASTA](#) [Graphics](#)

Send to: Filters: [Manage Filters](#)

Complete Record
 Coding Sequences
 Gene Features

Choose Destination
 File Clipboard
 Collections Analysis Tool

Download 4 items.

Format
 Summary
 GenBank
 GenBank (full)
 FASTA
 ASN.1
 XML
 INSDSeq XML
 TinySeq XML
 Feature Table
 Accession List
 GI List
 GFF3

Search See more...

Recent activity

684478[BioProject] (4) Nucleotide

SRP322113 (41) SRA

Etape 5 : Importer le génome de référence dans Galaxy

1 →

Download from web or upload from disk

Regular Composite Collection Rule-based

You added 1 file(s) to the queue. Add more files or click 'Start' to proceed.

Name	Size	Type	Genome	Settings	Status
sequence.fasta	3.2 MB	Auto-de...	unspecified (?)		0%

Type (set all): Auto-detect Genome (set all): unspecified (?)

Choose local files Choose remote files Paste/Fetch data Start Pause Reset Close

2 3 4 5

Etape 6 : Alignement des « reads » sur le génome

- Appliquer l'outil Bowtie2 sur le fichier FASTQ

The screenshot shows the Galaxy France interface for the Bowtie2 tool. The interface is divided into several panels:

- Tools Panel (Left):** Lists various tools, with Bowtie2 selected. A red arrow labeled '1' points to the Bowtie2 tool.
- Main Configuration Panel (Center):** Contains the following sections:
 - Is this single or paired library:** A dropdown menu set to 'Paired-end Dataset Collection'. A red arrow labeled '2' points to this dropdown.
 - FASTQ Paired Dataset:** A dropdown menu set to '13: Pair-end data (fasterq-dump)'. A red arrow labeled '3' points to this dropdown.
 - Write unaligned reads (in fastq format) to separate file(s):** A radio button set to 'No'.
 - Write aligned reads (in fastq format) to separate file(s):** A radio button set to 'No'.
 - Do you want to set paired-end options?:** A dropdown menu set to 'No'.
 - Will you select a reference genome from your history or use a built-in index?:** A dropdown menu set to 'Use a genome from the history and build index'.
 - Select reference genome:** A dropdown menu set to '17: sequence.fasta'. A red arrow labeled '5' points to this dropdown.
- History Panel (Right):** Shows a list of datasets, including '21: FastQC on collection 13: RawData', '20: FastQC on collection 13: Wepage', '17: sequence.fasta', and '13: Pair-end data (fasterq-dump)'. A red arrow labeled '4' points to the '17: sequence.fasta' dataset.

Temps attente (un peu long...)

The screenshot displays the Galaxy France web interface. At the top, the navigation bar includes 'Galaxy France', 'Workflow', 'Visualize', 'Shared Data', 'Help', 'User', and a 'Using 12%' indicator. The left sidebar contains a 'Tools' section with a search bar for 'Bowtie2', an 'Upload Data' button, and a 'Show Sections' button. Below this, several tool descriptions are listed, including HISAT2 and Map with minimap2. The main content area features a green notification box with a checkmark icon, stating: 'Executed **Bowtie2** and successfully added 1 job to the queue.' It details the inputs: '13: Pair-end data (fasterq-dump)' and '17: sequence.fasta', and the output: '27: Bowtie2 on data 17, data 19, and data 18: alignments'. A note explains that job status can be checked in the History panel. The right sidebar shows a 'History' panel with a search bar and a list of jobs. The most recent job is '26: Bowtie2 on collection 13: alignments', which is highlighted in orange and shows 'a job generating a list'. Other jobs listed include '21: FastQC on collection 13: RawData', '20: FastQC on collection 13: Webpage', '17: sequence.fasta', and '13: Pair-end data (fasterq-dump)'. Each job entry includes a status icon, a title, a description, and a close button.

Fin de la partie 1 😊



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Gaëlle LELANDAIS

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