

Comparison of Methods for Analysis of CVD Thin Films [897]

No.	Method	Principle (primary excitation/ detected emission)	Coverage	Maximum sensitivity		Dura- tion (min)	Sur- face survey capa- bility	Pressure required (torr)	Non- des- truc- tive	Repro- duc- ibility (%)	Probe dia- meter (μm)
				abs. (g)	rel. (ppma)						
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1	Wet chemi- cal analysis	solution/ various	All ele- ments	10^{-8}		300	No	ambient	No		—
2	Emission spectro- scopy	optically excited vapour/ optical analysis	All ele- ments	10^{-9} up to 10^{-6}		60	No	ambient	No		—
3	Atomic absorp- tion	optically excited vapour/ optical analysis	50 ele- ments	10^{-10} up to 10^{-3}		30	No	ambient	No		—
4	Neutron activa- tion	neutron bom- bard- ment/ particle energy analysis	75 ele- ments	10^{-12} up to 10^{-6}		600	No	ambient	Yes		—
5	Radio- tracer	Radio- tracer inclusion/ γ or β radioac- tivity measure- ment	All ele- ments			300	No	ambient	Yes		—
6	X-ray fluores- cence	X-ray bombard- ment/ X-ray analysis	$Z \geq 9$	10^{-7}	1—100	30	Yes	ambient	Yes	± 1	10^4

Examples of CVD application											
Sampling depth (μm)	Cali- bra- tion	Depth profi- ling	Advan- tages	Disad- vantages	Doping	Impurity	Compo- sition/ Stoichio- metry	Depth profiling			
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21		
bulk		No	Quantitative Cheap set-up	Slow Sample dissolu- tion re- quired Bulk analysis	B in poly- Si		Si_3N_4				
10^2		Yes	Quantitative	Bulk analysis							
bulk		Yes	Quantitative	Special sample preparation Very wide range of detection limits Bulk analysis		Na in SiO_2	O in SIPOS; B in α - Si:B-H				
bulk		Yes	Quantitative	Slow Bulk analysis Safety problems		Metals in epi- Si; Na in SiO_2					
		Yes	Quantitative	Slow Bulk analysis Safety problems	p- and n-type dopants in Si	Na in SiO_2 ; Surface impuri- ties on semicon- ductors	H in SiO_2				
10	10^4	Yes	Quantitative Readily applied to insula- tors Fast Nondes- tructive	No late- ral reso- lution $Z \geq 9$	P in PSG	Si in Al, Mo, Ta films deposi- ted on Si or SiO_2	SnO_2 ; Sb; MoSi_2 ; TaSi_2 ; WSi_2 ; TiSi_2				

[illegible]

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Scanning Auger micro-analysis S.A.M.	electron beam/ electron analysis	$Z \geq 3$		0.1-1%	30	Yes		Yes	± 20	4-15		2	Yes	Yes	Area and line scans Depth profile Fast	Semi-quantitative Limited sensitivity Surface charging of insulators Expansive instrument UHV required		"	H: SiO_2 -Al, etc. III-V compound oxides	
Ion scattering spectrometry	ion bombardment/ion mass analysis	$Z \geq 3$		0.1-1%	180	Yes	10^{-7}	Yes	± 20	10^3	10^{-4}	1	Yes	Yes	Depth profile Readily applied to insulators Analysis of the outermost atomic layer	Semi-quantitative Poor depth and lateral resolution Slow	Surface impurities on Si			
Ion probe micro-analysis	ion bombardment/ion mass analysis	All	10^{-12} up to 10^{-8}	0.1-100	30	Yes	10^{-7}	No	± 2	1-300	10^{-2}	10	Yes	Yes	Depth profile Excellent mass in-depth and lateral resolution Fast	Semi-quantitative Requires skilled operation Matrix effects Surface charging of insulators Expansive instrument UHV required	Impurities in epi-GaAs	III-V compound oxides	B, P, As implanted in Si	
Secondary ion mass spectrometry	ion bombardment/ion mass analysis	All	10^{-15}	0.1-100	30	Yes	10^{-8}	No	± 2	10^3	10^{-4}	3	Yes	Yes	Depth profile Information on chemical	Semi-quantitative Expensive	Surface contamination of epi-Si		H in α -Si:H; Cl in SiO_2	

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
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