New keywords: char8_t, co_await, co_return, co_yield, concept, consteval, constinit, import*, module*, requires * identifiers with a special meaning

Concepts

Constrains on the template parameters and meaningful compiler messages in case on an error. Can also reduce the compilation time. template <class T>

Modules

The replacement of the header files! With modules you can divide your program into logical parts.

import helloworld; // contains the hello() function
int main() {

hello(); // imported from the "helloworld" module!
}

Coroutines

Functions that can suspend their execution and can be resumed later, also asynchronously. They are associated with a promise object and might be allocated on the heap. C++20 gives language support. Use libs like cppcoro for full functionality (generators objects).

generator<int> iota(int n = 0) {

while(true)

co_yield n++;

operator<=>

}

New operator that can define other operators: <, <=, >, and >=.
R operator<=>(T,T); where R can be: std::strong_ordering,
std::weak_ordering and std::partial_ordering.
 (a <=> b) < 0 if a < b
 (a <=> b) > 0 if a > b
 (a <=> b) == 0 if a and b are equal/equivalent.

Designated Initializers

Explicit member names in the initializer expression: struct S { int a; int b; int c; }; S test {.a = 1, .b = 10, .c = 2};

Range-based for with initializer

Create another variable in the scope of the for loop: for (int i = 0; const auto& x : get_collection()) { doSomething(x, i); ++i;

}

char8_t

Separate type for UTF-8 character representation, the underlying type is unsigned char, but they are both distinct. The Library also defines now std::u8string.

C++20 Features

Attributes

[[likely]] - guides the compiler about more likely code path [[unlikely]] - guides the compiler about uncommon code path [[no_unique_address]] - useful for optimisations, like EBO [[nodiscard]] for constructors – allows us to declare the constructor with the attribute. Useful for ctors with side effects, or RAII. [[nodiscard("with message")]] – provide extra info [[nodiscard]] is also applied in many places in the Standard Library

Structured Bindings Updates

auto result = $foo < S{42} > ();$

Structured bindings since C++20 are more like regular variables, you can apply static, thread_storage or capture in a lambda.

Class non-type template parameters

Before C++20 only integral types, enums, pointer and reference types could be used in non-type template parameters. In C++20 it's extended to classes that are Literal Types and have "structural equality". struct S { int i; }; template <S par> int foo() { return par.i + 10; }

explicit(bool)

Cleaner way to express if a constructor or a conversion function should be explicit. Useful for wrapper classes. Reduces the code duplication and SFINAE.

explicit(!is_convertible_v<T, int>) ...

constexpr Updates

constexpr is more relaxed you can use it for union, try and catch, dynamic_cast, memory allocations, typeid. The update allows us to create constexpr std::vector and std::string (also part of C++ Standard Library changes)! There are also constexpr algorithms like std::sort, std::rotate, std::reverse and many more.

consteval

A new keyword that specifies an immediate function – functions that produce constant values, at compile time only. In contrast to constexpr functions, they cannot be called at runtime. consteval int add(int a, int b) { return a+b; } constexpr int r = add(100, 300);

constinit

Applied on variables with static or thread storage duration, ensures that the variable is initialized at compile-time. Solves the problem of static order initialisation fiasco for non-dynamic initialisation. Later the value of the variable can change.

Ranges

A radical change how we work with collections! Rather than use two iterators, we can work with a sequence represented by a single object. std::vector v { 2, 8, 4, 1, 9, 3, 7, 5, 4 }; std::ranges::sort(v); for (auto& i: v | ranges:view::reverse) cout << i; With Ranges we also get new algorithms, views and adapters

std::format

Python like formatting library in the Standard Library! auto s = std::format("{:-^5}, {:-<5}", 7, 9); s has a value of "--7--, 9----" centred, and then left aligned Also supports the Chrono library and can print dates

Chrono Calendar, Timezone and Updates

Heavily updated with Calendar and Timezones auto now = system_clock::now(); auto cy = year_month_day{floor<days>(now)}.year(); cout << "The current year is " << cy << '\n'; Additionally we have updates like explicit file_clock, clock_cast (time point conversion) and many other enhancements.

Multithreading and Concurrency

- jthread automatically joins on destruction. Stop tokens allows more control over the thread execution.
- More atomics: floats, shared_ptr, weak_ptr, atomic_ref
- Latches, semaphores and barriers new synchronisation primitives

std::span

A on owning contiguous sequence of elements. Unlike string_view, span is mutable and can change the elements that it points to. vector<int> vec = {1, 2, 3, 4}; span<int> spanVec (vec); for(auto && v : spanVec) v *= v;

Other

- Class Template Argument Deduction for aliases and aggregates, and more CTAD in the Standard Library
- template-parameter-list for generic lambdas
- Make typename optional in more places
- Signed integers are two's complement
- using enum less typing for long enum class names
- Deprecating volatile where it has no obvious meaning.
- Pack expansion in lambda init-capture
- std::bind_front() replacement for std::bind()
- String prefix and suffix checking
- std::bit_cast() and bit operations
- Heterogeneous lookup for unordered containers
- std::lerp() and std::midpoint(), Math constants
- std::source_location() get file/line pos without macros
- Efficient sized delete for variable sized classes
- Feature test macros and the <version> header
- erase/erase_if non-member functions for most of containers!

References

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